

WILL HE DODGE?

That Is the Question. Now Asked About President Cleveland.

LEAVES WITHOUT REGISTERING

And Cannot Qualify Now Unless He Makes a Special Trip Back.

IN MARKED CONTRAST TO HILL

Who Always Stands by the Nominees of the Party, and Works for Them Early and Late—Stevenson on Hand.

New York, October 26.—(Special.)—President Cleveland will dodge the vote in the New York election.

He was so closely engaged in conversation with Miss Benedict the other day that he did not have time to answer a question as to what he would do in the state election.

So exclusively was his time taken up by his mugwump sororities while here that he forgot to register. Therefore he is not qualified to vote in the election.

As it is hardly likely that he will make a special trip back from Washington for this purpose, President Cleveland might as well be written down now as a dodger.

This indifference to the success of his party is but another evidence of what has long been charged against the president.

Everett Wheeler, the mugwump candidate, states positively that the president will not vote for Hill, that if he votes at all it will be for himself. The only answer Mr. Cleveland makes to this is his neglect to register.

Chairman Thatcher, who went off half-cocked the other day in declaring that Mr. Cleveland would do the right thing at the right time, has decided to put his tongue in mourning. He was only speaking against hope. While Mr. Cleveland was here he was not at home to a single democratic leader.

All of this is in marked contrast to the conduct of Mr. Hill in 1892. He worked for his party in season and out of season. He is a democrat and stands by the nominees. As to what Mr. Cleveland does in this respect the record shows.

He did not have time to register!

Waiting for That Letter.

Talk of a possible letter from President Cleveland was unexpectedly revived this afternoon when it became known at the state headquarters that the leader in the Wheeler movement had said that he expected that Mr. Cleveland would still come out in favor of Hill. Word to similar effect was also received from other sources, including an official from state headquarters.

One gentleman, who is known as an administration man, intimated that Mr. Cleveland would write no direct letter bearing on the state issue, but that he might delegate himself to a ringing letter to Senator Faulkner, or to the Hon. William F. Harris on the congressional situation throughout the United States, in which he would make special allusion to the fight in this state. The same authority said that if Mr. Cleveland did write a letter on the congressional situation, taking his action in the past as a criterion, it would not appear before the last few days of the campaign. It was recalled that in 1885 Mr. Cleveland did not come to the front until the last moment.

Some think from Senator Hill's apparently supreme indifference to the matter that he has already received some hint as to the course Mr. Cleveland will pursue.

"One thing," continued the speaker, "is certain, Mr. Cleveland is not opposed to the state ticket. That is evident from the course the administration men are adopting."

He Has No Home.

Washington, October 26.—No authoritative information can be obtained here respecting the direct question as to the president's purpose to write or not to write a letter announcing his desire that all democrats should earnestly support the democratic state ticket in New York. Nevertheless it is the opinion of many of his friends that he will not in any way interfere in the New York campaign. With reference to the president's registering or voting one of his closest friends made the statement today that Mr. Cleveland had no legal residence in New York and could not lawfully register or vote there. Mr. Cleveland himself, it is understood, has said that his legal residence was in Washington. It can be stated further that at the expiration of Mr. Cleveland's presidential term he will not again take up his residence in New York. This statement was made by him some months ago, and at that time he had not fully determined as to where he would make his future home.

Sentinel Hill at Oswego.

Oswego, N. Y., October 26.—Senator David B. Hill arrived here shortly after 6 o'clock this evening and was met at the station by over a thousand persons who gave him an enthusiastic welcome. The senator was accompanied by James Lindgren, of New York city, formerly of Virginia, and Colonel John S. McGowan, Hon. Samuel A. Beardsley and Agricultural Commissioner Schaub accompanied the party as far as Utica. On arriving there the train remained for a few minutes. A crowd of several hundred persons surrounded Senator Hill's car and there were cries for Hill. The senator stepped out upon the platform and spoke for a few minutes. He said:

"I am pleased to be able to say to you that since my visit here last week the cause of democracy has been steadily gaining ground. Be not deceived by the confident spirit assumed by our adversaries. We are going to win. The people are not with the republican party; they are with us. Let them bring on Harrison, McKinley and Reed. We have no objection, but we are sorry to observe that the republican party has not within its ranks in this state speakers who can defend her principles and answer the democratic arguments. I have only to say that these imported orators that New York has always been able to vote for itself without outside instruction, and will do so this fall. She has also been the one state which has always stood for democratic principles when the tide of republicanism has swept over our winter states in past years. New York will be true to her record in this respect. I can assure you."

Remarks were received with prolonged applause. The train to which was attached Senator Hill's car arrived at Syracuse at 4:47 o'clock.

At the station another crowd greeted him and a large number of people boarded his car and grasped the senator's hand. The senator spoke but a few words from the car platform to the waiting crowd and then introduced Mr. Gordon, who spoke for a few minutes.

At 5 o'clock Senator Hill left for Oswego, accompanied by a reception committee from Oswego.

Along the road to Oswego crowds greeted Senator Hill at Phoenix and Fulton. On arriving here he was driven to the residence of Theodore Irwin, where he was entertained at dinner.

Yesterday's Registration.

This was the third day for registering for the coming election. In the three days 28,129 voters registered. In 1892 the registry books showed a total for three days of 207,732.

Meeting in Cooper Union.

New York, October 26.—The New York state democratic held a ratification meeting in Cooper union tonight. The organization supports Hill, Loomwood and Brown in the state and the committee of seventy's ticket, headed by Colonel Strong, in the city. Fully 2,500 persons were present and much enthusiasm prevailed. Speeches were made by William H. Grace, George Walton Green and others.

Sentinel Hill sent a letter of regret, in which he said:

"I am glad that the democrats represented by the organization in whose behalf your invitation is extended, realize the importance of the present campaign and propose to loyally support the democratic state ticket nominated at Saratoga."

"The election in this state involves the supremacy of the democratic party. It involves the approval or disapproval of the federal administration; its result will greatly affect the great issue of tariff reform; its effect will largely shape the destiny of our party in the future."

"Expressing my appreciation of the support of the democrats of all factions, regardless of local or past differences, and with my best wishes for the success of democracy everywhere, I remain your fellow citizen. DAVID BENNETT HILL."

All Quiet at Headquarters.

New York, October 26.—David B. Hill left the Park Avenue hotel this morning at 9:30 o'clock and was driven to the Grand Central depot, where he took a train for Oswego, where he is to speak tonight. Senator Hill was accompanied by his secretary, Colonel McGowan, and David S. Griffin, of Watertown.

The absence of Senator Hill was probably responsible for the extreme quiet which prevailed at state headquarters this morning. None of the campaign managers, with the exception of John Boyd Thatcher, was at his post. The fact that President Cleveland left town yesterday without saying a single word for the state ticket did not arouse the spirits of the campaign managers. They now entertain but faint hopes that Mr. Cleveland will endorse Hill or that he will even come back to the city to register and vote for him.

Sentinel Hill himself refused to say a word for publication this morning. It is so quiet that people around state headquarters are disappointed.

Stevenson to Help Hill.

There is one thing, however, that campaign managers will talk about, and that is the attitude of Vice President Stevenson, who, upon his arrival in the city yesterday, warmly endorsed Senator Hill and who is here for the purpose of helping him.

It was announced this morning at headquarters that Governor Flower is going to follow the example of Major McKinley. He has agreed to make a tour of the state for Senator Hill. He will hire a special train and deliver addresses at different stations en route from the Peconic mine to the city. The rest of the persons on Governor Flower will, in this way, make a dozen or more campaign speeches. Among the places at which he will speak are Albany, Schenectady and Utica and a number of smaller towns. He will start Monday or Tuesday.

COLLAPSE OF SANDSTONE

Kills One Man and Entombs Alive Several Others.

Iron Mountain, Mich., October 26.—One man was instantly killed and eleven others were entombed alive in the Peconic mine yesterday. The accident was due to the collapse of the sandstone which roofed the room on the fourth level, where the men were at work. All the men that can find room to work have been making heroic efforts to rescue the entombed miners. Some of them are still alive, perhaps all. They have been communicated with their rescuers by tapping with hammers on the stone barriers that cut them off from freedom. They will probably be reached tonight. The work is one of extreme difficulty and danger.

REINTERRED AT OXFORD.

The Remains of the Late Justice Lamar Placed in St. Peter's Cemetery.

Oxford, Miss., October 26.—The remains of the late Justice L. Q. C. Lamar were reinterred in St. Peter's cemetery here today. The funeral was the largest ever seen in Oxford. Friends came from various places in this and other states to be present at the services. The town was draped in mourning. The procession of the public schools and female college pupils marched in the procession in bodies. There were in the funeral cortege about 2,000 people were present. The services were rendered by Rev. J. E. Homan, pastor of the Methodist church. There were a number of prominent men here. Colonel Lamar was sixty-seven years old when he died.

His Name Is Morgan.

Norfolk, Mo., October 26.—Chief of Police Pianagan, of this city, suspected when he read of the capture of Morganfield, one of the Virginia train robbers, that he was really Charles A. Morgan, who has made his home here with his young wife and two children. The chief's suspicions were confirmed by the receipt of a photograph of Morganfield, showing that he and Morgan were one and the same person. The train robber was in the habit of leaving his home for a month or two at a time. He departed the last time nearly two months ago and not even his wife knew of his whereabouts.

A New Whiskey Trust.

New York, October 26.—Papers were filed in the secretary of state's office at Trenton today which indicate the formation of a new whiskey trust. The papers show that the articles of incorporation of a concern to be known as the Great White Spirit Company, with a paid-up capital of \$5,000,000 to \$7,000,000, the total authorized capital being \$10,000,000, had been filed with the principal office and place of business being located in the city of New York. The company outside of the state of New Jersey will be Boston, Mass., but it will carry on business in various other states and territories of the United States.

Gold Reserve Increasing.

Washington, October 26.—The cash balance in the treasury at the close of business today was \$117,711,431; gold reserve, \$51,140,229. The increase in the gold reserve today was about \$500,000, and during the last three days \$1,621,094. Today's increase was due to purchases of gold by the mint.

THREE MURDERS

Result from a Desperate Conflict Among Regulators.

THE WHITE CAPS TAKE CHARGE

And Are Met by an Organization of "Blue Bills."

ROUGH TIMES IN SEVIER COUNTY

Where Outlawry Seems to Have Established Itself, to the Disgrace of the Law Abiding Portion of the Community.

Knoxville, Tenn., October 26.—(Special.)—Whitecapism and outlawry are rampant in Sevier county, a county that adjoins this, and as a result the bodies of three citizens were found lying dead on a bluff near Henderson Springs yesterday morning.

Their names are Lathan Latham, Elje Kibbelton and another by the name of Kibbelton. Excitement is at fever heat and a most deplorable condition of affairs seems to exist. The following particulars were given by one of the most reputable citizens of Sevierville:

The Culmination of a Tragedy.

Thursday it was learned that a band of white caps had determined to visit the house of a disreputable local citizen, a bluff on Pigeon river, about half a mile from Henderson Springs, and administer a severe whipping to the occupants of the house.

The continued outrages of this organization has resulted in the recent organization of an anti-white cap secret order, whose members call themselves "Blue Bills." The latter heard of the proposed whipping expedition and a crowd of them armed themselves and went out to see that the whipping was not done.

The evidence yesterday morning shows that the two opposing orders met and had a fight.

Latham and Kibbelton are of the white caps and Helton is a "Blue Bill." It is known that the two parties met on the top of the bluff between 8 and 9 o'clock Thursday night and heavy firing was opened. Whether the Blue Bills laid in ambush and opened fire, or whether they were ambushed by the white caps seems to be a mooted question. Nor can it be definitely ascertained as to which side was in the wrong. Many were on each side, but it is supposed that there were ten or twelve on a side. The people of that vicinity are terrorized, and so much so that they will not go to school or to church, and they are thus assisting in bringing about speedy justice to the offenders of law and order.

Bloodhounds Brought In.

Sheriff Hays recently imported a couple of fine bloodhounds, but he was afraid to run them out on the trail for the reason that there are so many of both parties who would be only too glad to shoot the dogs down.

The sheriff took these dogs through Knoxville to the south of Sevier county, where they were admitted by several people here.

He sent a request to The Journal to say nothing about them, as he wanted to use them before the white caps had learned of their presence. However, the dogs have been making their way throughout the mountains that he had the hounds, and no doubt the white caps have sworn to shoot the dogs on sight, "for the good of the order."

The sheriff has sworn in extra deputies and is making every effort to apprehend the guilty parties.

The Previous History of the County.

Ever since the war Sevier county has had more or less experience with white caps. Prior to about three years ago, so says an old Sevier county citizen, they were called "cotton pickers" and they were not so quieted down as now. The reputation of the county felt they were rid of them. About three years ago the white cap business was revived for the purpose of robbing cotton pickers and other people. These women had taken up their abode in the mountains and various parts of the county and their homes were the scenes of lawless and fights and often murder. How were they to be kept out of the county? The white caps were brought into court, where they were tried and fined and their friends would promptly step up and pay the fines and the women would promptly take up their abodes again.

The recent people became incensed, and finding the power of the court was limited, some of them decided on holding a few of the white caps and their friends would have them.

These were not white caps nor any secret order, further than to set a few examples with the hope that the rest would take a hint. However, they were not satisfied with this. They seemed to organize also. Soon the law and order element became superseded by the worst gang of devils that ever infested this part of the state and their devilry was visited upon those who had anything to do with trying to drive out these bad women. As one man up there said, within the past three years nearly every good citizen has been killed or driven out of the county. They became so bold at one time that barns were set on fire in broad daylight, and an instance is recalled where a woman was caught and setting fire to a barn stowed full of baled hay.

Thus the righteous but unlawful conduct of good citizens in time became a curse to the county and this triple murder is one of the fruits thereof. It is barely possible that other lives have been lost in this battle in the dark. The Constitution's informant was on the scene of the fight, but could not learn how many had been wounded seriously or killed.

Parties who heard the shooting say that there was enough of it to have wiped out a regiment had it been properly applied. Of course more trouble is anticipated, for a strong feeling is being aroused to wipe out the outlawry from the county if all decent people have to take up arms to do it.

He Is Now in Jail.

Hartford, Conn., October 26.—Allen Francis, teller of the City Bank of Hartford, since 1856, is a defaulter for about \$23,000. Francis has confessed and is now in jail. He makes no explanation of the articles of the stolen funds. The American Surety Company is on his bond for \$10,000, and he has turned over a few thousand dollars, so that the bank will not lose over \$10,000. It has a capital of \$400,000, and yet surplus after deducting the entire defalcation, amounts to \$138,000.

Suicide of a Cigarette Smoker.

Columbia, S. C., October 26.—(Special.)—On last Wednesday the fourteen-year-old son of Trial Justice Hammett, of Blacksville, S. C., committed suicide. He was addicted to the cigarette habit and was given in the effort to break him of it, gave him a sound thrashing. The boy went to school as usual, but got excused by his

SEE KILLED HIM.

Duel Between a Young Lady and Young Man in Oklawaha.

At Oklawaha, Fla., October 25. A terrible duel was fought between Miss Agnes Jones, a young lady about twenty-one years of age, and Sam Bartell, thirty-five years old, on a homestead twenty miles north of here yesterday. Miss Jones obtained the handstand when the Cherokee strip was opened in September, 1893, and had built a new home. Two months ago she went to visit her parents in Kansas and Sam Bartell jumped the claim and moved his effects into Miss Jones's home. Miss Jones returned yesterday and found her home occupied. She gave orders for it to be vacated at once, which Bartell refused to do, and she pulled a revolver from under her apron and opened fire on Bartell. Bartell returned the fire and missed the woman. Three of her shots took effect in Bartell's body from the effects of which he will die.

THEATRICAL MANAGER ARRESTED.

Paul Albert, of Chattanooga, Posted Hoyt's "Black Sheep" Bill.

Chattanooga, Tenn., October 25.—Paul Albert, of the Chattanooga opera house, one of the best known theatrical managers in the south, was arrested today charged with "publicly displaying indecent pictures." The police had prohibited the display on the bill boards of the lithograph of a girl in blue tights, brought here by Hoyt's "Black Sheep" company. He persisted and the arrest followed. The trial is set for Monday. Manager Albert today sued The Evening Press for \$5,000 damages for libel in publishing articles injurious to the business of the theater.

A Defaulter Postmaster Caught.

Columbia, S. C., October 26.—(Special.)—Postoffice Inspector Peir this evening arrested Jackson County, ex-postmaster at Peaks, near this city, on a charge of appropriating \$120 worth of stamps, envelopes, etc. Counts lost his position recently on account of some smaller delinquencies. He was taken before Commissioner Better tonight and placed in jail in default of a \$500 bond.

Whitescaps Convicted.

Memphis, Tenn., October 26.—Henry Billings, Jack Billings, Spruce Billings and James T. Billings, members of a gang of whitescaps who have committed many outrages in Tipton county, were found guilty at Covington, Tenn., today and given terms in the penitentiary.

NO GREAT IMPROVEMENT

Reported in Business-Reviews of Bradstreet's and Dun & Co.

New York, October 26.—Bradstreet's today will say:

"Merchants interviewed in various portions of the country report in some instances the condition of business as not having realized anticipations, and at other points that the recent bright outlook for trade is modified. Such advice are based in part on the practical conclusion of the fall trade and always on the demand for holiday goods. Dealers in dry goods, clothing, groceries, shoes, hats and a few other lines have had relatively the most satisfactory volume of business, although in many instances fault has been found with the totals shipped."

"General trade continues checked throughout some portions of the regions supplied by Kansas City, St. Paul, Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Louis, due to unseasonable warm weather. At the south low prices for cotton continue to affect business unfavorably, many larger merchants being more cautious as to granting credits to interior merchants. Throughout a large portion of the region between Ohio and the northwest interior jobbers will continue to carry small stocks through the winter. Eastern dry goods jobbers report only low cost goods moving with any freedom and the outlook for a settlement of the Fall strike less favorable."

"Among southern cities Charleston, Chattanooga and Savannah say trade is less encouraging, while at Memphis, Augusta, Birmingham and Jacksonville no new features have been developed within the week. Sales, however, have improved in some lines at Atlanta. At New Orleans the volume of sales have improved very slightly, the lower price of cotton, sharp revision of credits and hand-to-mouth purchases being specified as causes."

"Total bank clearings throughout the United States for six business days, ending Thursday last week, amounted to \$122,040,000, against \$95,000,000 last week, a decrease of about 3.5 per cent as compared with \$119,000,000 in the corresponding week last year, a loss of about one-third of 1 per cent. By week compared with the total for the like week in October, 1893, the decrease is seen to be \$28,000, or 22 per cent."

"Business failures throughout the United States this week 229, against 263 in the week ending October 19, 1893, and 235 in the like week of 1892, in 1892 and 203 in 1891."

Dun & Co.'s Review.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade, which issues tomorrow, will say:

"An interesting political question, the effect of the states causes a natural slackening in some kinds of business. But, on the whole, business indications are rather more favorable than they were last week. Gold exports have ceased, while a number of mills have gone into operation, and the demand for products, if not equal to that of prosperous years, is better than it has been most of the time this year. The prices of raw products do not improve, and there are still some strikes to resist reduction of wages, so that the purchasing power of the people cannot have materially increased, but there is a more hopeful spirit which prompts greater activity."

On the other hand, the record of past transactions are somewhat less favorable of late. It is interesting that, in spite of the low price of the principal southern crop, manufacturers and wholesale dealers report rather more improvement in trade with the south than with any other section."

"In iron and steel the west shows weakness, and eastern markets show more encouragement. Nothing of consequence is doing in rails, the deliveries for the year to October last being only 510,000 tons, much below ordinary requirements for renewals. In structural work some moderate contracts are reported, but bar iron is extremely dull, and it is stated that the low prices reported last week—55 cents for iron and 11 for steel—have been shaded in some transactions. There is a decline in wire nails, \$1.10 being quoted for galvanized barbed and \$2.20 for wire rods. The best feature is that the heavy increase in the output of pig does not yet seem to overload the market and there are rather less signs of pressure to sell them of late."

Hill in South Carolina.

Columbia, S. C., October 26.—(Special.)—At Camden, S. C., at 6 o'clock this evening a hailstorm occurred. Stones of the size of hickory nuts covered the ground. Cotton in the path of the storm is a total loss. The hail was followed by severe thunder, lightning and rain, during the continuance of which the residence of Captain William Clyburn caught fire and was burned.

CAPRIVI IS OUT.

The German Chancellor and One of the Ministers Resign.

THE EMPEROR POSTPONES A HUNT

Because He Has the Formation of a New Cabinet on Hand.

HIS SELECTION OF A NEW CHANCELLOR

Was the Governor of Alsace-Lorraine, but Hohenzollern Did Not Want the Place—Foreign News Generally.

Berlin, October 26.—The report that Chancellor von Caprivi has handed his resignation to the emperor is confirmed. Count Bocho Zu Eulenburg, president of the ministerial council, has also resigned. Dr. Miquel, Prussian finance minister, has been appointed president of the council and Prince von Hohenlohe-Schillingfurst, governor of Alsace-Lorraine, has been offered the chancellorship.

Before offering the chancellorship to Prince Hohenzollern, Emperor William consulted with the envoys from Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Saxony and Baden. It is reported that Prince Hohenzollern declined the offer, owing to his age.

The emperor has summoned General Count Waldersee, the political soldier who was conspicuous in the final struggle against Bismarck. The general inference is that he intends to make him Caprivi's successor. Should Waldersee become chancellor, the office of Prussian premier probably would be given him shortly, and thus the division of the two posts, which was effected at the time of the school bill crisis, would be ended.

There is a rumor that General Bronsart von Chellendorff is a candidate for the Prussian premiership and the chancellorship. Either of these generals would be acceptable to the conservatives, who have become totally estranged from the government under the Caprivi regime.

Why He Resigned.

The immediate cause of Chancellor von Caprivi's resignation is not entirely clear. It is known, however, that the difficulties between him and Count Bocho Zu Eulenburg had grown too sharp to be ignored or compromised. Caprivi at first was strongly opposed to severe steps against the social democrats and anarchists, while Eulenburg favored extreme measures. Under pressure from the emperor the chancellor is said to have yielded several points early in the week, but his master only got him into trouble with the federal ministers, in whose council he presided yesterday. Several ministers opposed his proposal that the reichstag amend the penal code so as to deal more severely with the socialists. The individual states, he said, should be left to legislate within their own borders for the suppression of the social democracy and anarchy.

The chancellor was equally embarrassed when the question of financial reform was broached. The envoys made several demands for changes in the financial relations of the states to the empire, but the chancellor was manifestly out of sympathy with all of the emperor's last acts before offering his resignation was to notify the reichstag that the decree prohibiting advances of Russian stocks had been cancelled, as no longer necessary on either economic or political grounds.

The emperor had arranged to leave Potsdam today to hunt in the neighborhood of Blankenburg, but he gave up the trip in view of the disruption of his cabinet.

PRAYERS FOR THE CZAR.

Emperor William Attends Services at the Russian Embassy.

Berlin, October 26.—The chapel of the Russian embassy was crowded this afternoon with distinguished persons who had been invited to attend a special service for the purpose of offering up prayers for the recovery of the czar. The emperor of Germany was one of the earliest comers, and was received in the vestibule of the chapel by Count von Schouvaloff, the Russian ambassador. There were also present Chancellor von Caprivi, Count Bocho Zu Eulenburg, president of the Prussian council of ministers, General von Schellendorf, minister of war; United States Ambassador Runyon, Messrs. Jackson, Evans and Vreeland, of the United States embassy, and the foreign ambassadors and ministers. Besides these there were in attendance by command of the emperor, the Prussian princes, the emperor's aides, the commanding officers of the various regiments of the Berlin garrison, and the staff of the Emperor Alexander regiment of the Prussian guard, of which the czar is honorary colonel. After the services the emperor, looking very grave, had a long talk with Count Schouvaloff.

A Surgical Operation.

Paris, October 26.—A dispatch from Livadia says that the operation of throctenectomy has been performed upon the czar with success. The releasing of liquid matter by puncturing has greatly relieved the patient's breathing, and the pressure around the heart. It is reported that Professor Leyden has declared that there is no danger of immediate collapse.

Is Much Better.

London, October 26.—A dispatch received from the Russian embassy here this morning from Livadia says that the czar is much better, and that he breakfasted with appetite and energy.

To Go to Corfu.

Plymouth, England, October 26.—The Russian imperial yacht Pole Star has left this port for Livadia, where it is understood she will embark the czar and imperial family and convey them to Corfu.

JAPS VICTORIOUS AGAIN.

Chinese Defeated Near Fu-Shang—Japanese Cross the Yalu.

London, October 26.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tokio, says that Field Marshal Count Yamagata has reported to the emperor that at daybreak on October 25th the Japanese army under his command completed its crossing of the Yalu river and in the forenoon attacked and de-

feated the Chinese near Fu-Shang, capturing a fortress on the right bank of the river.

According to the statement of a Chinese officer who was made prisoner, the enemy was eighteen batteries strong. The Chinese lost 250 killed and a large number of wounded, about 1,000 not known how many. The number of Japanese killed and wounded was five officers and ninety men. Count Yamagata adds:

"Colonel Sato, with his detachment, has joined the main army and we expect to attack Kullenchao at daybreak, October 30th. We were utterly routed."

Yokohama, October 26.—Later dispatched from the Yalu river show that in the battle fought yesterday between the Chinese and Japanese 3,500 Chinese troops of all arms were utterly routed.

AGAINST THE BLACKS.

White Screenmen in New Orleans Will Not Work with Negroes.

New Orleans, La., October 26.—The screenmen have inaugurated a strike on the river front today. Early during the forenoon every member of the organization put down his tools and work was at an end. The trouble grows out of the recent difficulties between the whites and blacks. The screenmen, white and black, for some years have been terms of the utmost harmony, working together and parading together and belonging to the same council. Trouble has been brewing between them for some time, however, and has been threatening injury to the commerce of the port. The appearance at the river front of firms of negro stevedores hiring negro screenmen, has served to accentuate the trouble, and the white screenmen have been charging that the negroes have been cutting rates and that the whites are losing ground, owing to the influx of negro labor.

The white and black organizations parted company some time ago, and a fortnight back the white screenmen held a meeting and decided not to work any longer for ship agents or other employers of negro labor. Notices to this effect were sent to ship brokers and to all parties interested. The result was that many of the negroes were knocked off. Today every ship loading in the port was stopped and all hands laid off. The trade of the port is, for the time being, practically paralyzed, and the old trouble that has been fermenting for weeks has developed into what really promises to be one of the most disastrous labor disputes that New Orleans has known since the great strike of November, 1892. For some time the negro screenmen have been cutting rates and offering labor at a cut of 15 cents per bale below the rates heretofore demanded and received by like white organizations.

PRAIRIE FIRES IN NEBRASKA

Consuming Everything as They Spread—Ranches Burned.

Omaha, Neb., October 26.—Lashed on by a furious wind, the prairie fires that are now raging in the northwestern part of the state are traveling with almost incredible rapidity and consuming everything in their track. Last night the blaze was driven through the central portion of Sheridan and Cherry counties and in its track were the best of the country. Spad ranches and a number of smaller ones. This morning not a vestige of these ranches remains, except the bare and scorched ground.

Late this afternoon the fire is reported to have reached Pullman and the whole country in that neighborhood is a raging furnace. It is not known whether any lives are lost or not, but thousands of head of cattle have perished. People in the track of the fire are fleeing for their lives, leaving all their property to the mercy of the flames.

At Homestead, John Bliss, one of the men badly burned while fighting the fire, is reported as dead, and others of the victims dying.

So far as can be learned the flames have

Best wearing
on earth. Made
stock.
Warranted to Wear Well.

Real
lace
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Will
it

Whitehall.

Assembly
OF GEORGIA:

upon us and get fitted out
high order of intelligence,
characterized the legisla-
state.

Good Goods, and prices in

IN NORTH CAROLINA.

of News Gathered from the
Tarheel State.

N. C., October 25. (Special.)—
fair and today. Financially,
respects, it has been an entire
ulian S. Carr, who, by acclama-
re-elected president, says
the state will continue ten days.
C. Stronach, superintendent of
home here, was elected pres-
North Carolina Veterans' As-
State Treasurer Samuel Mc-
secretary and treasurer.

ordered taken to collect mate-
collected history of North Caro-
and an appropriation for its
by the state is asked for.

Mr. Massey, of the Agricultural
today for Valdese, the colony
the state is asked for.

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HE STANDS SOLEMNLY

On the Platform of the National
Democratic Party.

MR. PITMAN'S RINGING RESOLUTIONS

Upon Which He Will Ask the Mem-
bers of the Legislature to Act.

THE DAY WITH THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

A Special Message from the Governor—A
Union Register of Law—News and
Gossip of the Legislative Halls.

The first resolutions of the session bearing upon the great question of finance and its relation to politics were introduced in the legislature yesterday morning. Mr. Pitman, of Troup, was the author of the resolutions and the disposition which was made of them at yesterday morning's session was on his motion.

"It is my purpose," said he, in the course of a short talk upon the disposal of the resolutions, "simply to get a square-out expression of this house upon the question which is just now paramount in political discussion, and in which we are all of us so vitally interested. I think nobody should dodge the question and every democrat ought to endorse this plain statement of pure democratic doctrine."

Mr. Pitman's resolutions were as follows: "Whereas, The national congress, at the session last held, failed to restore silver to the constitutional position which it held prior to the demonetization acts of 1873 and 1874; and

"Whereas, The national congress failed to provide for the coinage of silver bullion, which now exists only as a commodity in the United States, thereby failing to remove the discrimination against silver in favor of gold; and

"Whereas, It is the firm and settled belief of a majority of this assembly that the future of the national congress to fully accomplish the results intended by the Chicago platform, as interpreted by the people, was due, in part, to one faction of democratic senators and congressmen whose votes on the question of silver failed to accord with the views hereinafter expressed; therefore, be it

"Resolved by the house of representatives and senate of Georgia, in general assembly met, That the representatives from Georgia in both branches of the national congress, and those soon to be elected thereto, be and they are hereby requested to use their influence, exert their energies and cast their ballots for legislation which has for its purpose—

"1. The immediate restoration of silver to its former position as a constitutional money of final payment, by opening our mints to the free coinage of silver bullion produced by the United States, independently of European dictation and without waiting longer for international agreement.

"2. The free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver to be resumed at the ratio now fixed by law, and the coinage of both metals to be continued until some other ratio may be fixed by a law which shall also provide for the continued free and unlimited coinage as aforesaid.

"3. The immediate repeal of the federal tax of 10 per cent on the bills of state banks of issue."

Under the rules of the house, the resolution could not be considered on the day it was introduced. Mr. Pitman first moved to make the consideration the special order for Tuesday, October 30th.

Mr. Doolan moved to refer the resolution to the committee on the state of the republic, when that committee should be appointed. Mr. Pitman asked if the committee had yet been appointed. Speaker Fleming replied that the committee would be appointed at some time in the near future.

Mr. Pitman then moved the resolution to the floor for consideration. The speaker would delay action on the resolution until after the senatorial caucus, the very thing he was trying to prevent. The speaker ruled that the motion to commit was not debatable, but was first in order.

Mr. Pitman then moved to table, which motion took precedence of all previous ones and was adopted.

This leaves the resolution tabled with the privilege of calling it up at any time for future consideration. Mr. Pitman says he will today move to take the resolution from the table for the purpose of fixing a day when it shall be finally disposed of and when he will ask the house to act on it before the caucus nomination of the United States senator.

A General Registration Law.

Among the new bills introduced into the house was one by Mr. Middlebrooks providing for a uniform system of registration for the several counties of the state. Under the provisions of the bill the county tax collectors are made the registrars and it is incumbent upon them to keep a list of the qualified voters. The bill does not require that the voter shall do anything more than pay his taxes, unless he be exempt from taxes, in which case he registers by entering his name upon the registration books upon proper application made by himself. Briefly put, the act simply provides that as soon as a man's taxes are paid and he becomes qualified to vote, his name is duly registered.

"There is a general complaint," says Mr. Middlebrooks, in talking about this measure, "of a uniform method of registration in Georgia. Everybody, I think, is agreed upon that. My bill provides for a more uniform method of registration. It is simple and cheap. The only extra cost under it will be the price of the registration books. The legal voters, as defined by the laws of the state, are the qualified voters. The bill provides that this list itself will be a registration certificate. You will see that it does away with the necessity of getting out the people to register, for whether a man goes himself to pay his taxes or not, he is registered as soon as those taxes are paid. The bill further requires that the county authorities having jurisdiction in the matter shall have made, thirty days before the general election, a list of the qualified voters, which will be placed in the hands of the election authorities. No man whose name is not on the list shall be allowed to vote except where it is made plain that he has been qualified since the last such list was made. The books shall be kept on file in the tax collector's office, where they will be of easy reference, and at a very small cost the work of registration will be accomplished and uniform registration so much desired will become a fact."

To Report on the Northeastern.

Mr. Awtrey, member from Cobb county, introduced a resolution in the house providing for the appointment of a joint committee of five to investigate and report upon the exact condition of the Northeastern railroad and the state's interest in that property.

The Flaming Industries.

Mr. Rockwell, of Chatham, introduced two bills yesterday, which stamp him as the special defender of the fish industries of the state. His first was a bill to require the license of fishermen engaged in the business of catching fish for market or gain to be a license of \$50 for the privilege of catching and in any of the tidal waters of the state. The bill requires that the license be given from the county commis-

sioners and that a violation of its provisions will be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 and not less than \$100 or by imprisonment in the county jail from thirty days to six months.

Mr. Rockwell's second bill amends the section of the code relating to the regulation of the time when fish may be taken in the waters of the state, by making it read from "12 o'clock Saturday night to 12 o'clock Sunday night."

Mr. Rockwell introduced a bill prescribing a punishment for various crimes which is the same bill which was introduced by Hon. John I. Hays.

Mr. Middlebrooks believes in international transportation and especially in perfecting communication with Central and South America. In the house yesterday he introduced a joint resolution requesting the senators and representatives from Georgia to congress to favor the building of an international railway to South America.

Offices to Be Filled.

The joint committee appointed to ascertain what judicial offices were to be filled by the legislature made its report. In addition to the chief justice of the supreme court and the associate justice for Judge Simmons's term, superior court judges are to be elected in the Augusta circuit, the Brunswick circuit, the First circuit, the Macon circuit, short and long term; the Middle circuit, the Ogeechee circuit, the Palmetto circuit, the Rome circuit, the South circuit, the Northeastern circuit, the Tallapoosa circuit, the Western circuit and the Northern circuit for a short term; and solicitors general for the Northern circuit, the Tallapoosa and the Southwestern circuits.

Mr. Dempsey, chairman of the committee to nominate a chaplain, stated that the committee unanimously favored the selection of Rev. R. A. Eakes, and on motion of Mr. Williamson the report was adopted and Mr. Eakes was elected.

Eloquent Monocles.

An invitation from the Dixie Interstate fair at Macon for the legislature to visit the fair on Monday next, which is Atlanta day, gave the representatives a special Bibb county excellent opportunities for an oratorical display. Mr. Hefleuliet started it going and his brilliant effort was ably seconded by Mr. Polhill and Mr. Hodges.

Mr. Polhill emphasized the fact that the invitation was not restricted to the members of the legislature, but included the candidates for offices before that body as well.

Mr. Hefleuliet, however, doubtless whether Macon would be able to entertain all of these gentlemen at one time, as the capacity of the city was necessarily limited, and this he said was the multitude of willing workers was heartily applauded.

It was pointed out that next Monday, the election for judges and solicitors, will take place, and it will be impossible for many of the members of the legislature to be absent that day. Mr. Hodges, however, suggested that another day be fixed but after consultation, it was found that it would be next to impossible to name any date which would suit everybody and the invitation was allowed to stand as it was.

Mr. Armstrong, to amend the local section of the code to provide a uniform registration law for the several counties of this state.

Mr. Rockwell, to amend section 401 so as to authorize and empower clerks of ordinaries to approve and record exemptions from military service in the absence of such ordinaries.

Mr. Dorough, to change the time of holding the annual election for judges of the superior court.

Mr. Rockwell, to carry into effect article 3, section 7, paragraph 18 of the constitution, by providing for the election of judges of the superior court.

Mr. Dorough, to provide a uniform registration law for the several counties of this state.

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play the men who largely make up the state forces have been generous in granting time for conscription and the position given at the camp.

The men composing the forces give their time without adequate compensation, and hold themselves in readiness at all times, and the call of the commander in chief to respond to any demand and to any duty required of them, to defend the honor or the dignity, peace and good order of the state.

"I have found especial pride in the organization of the forces, their soldierly bearing, their promptness to respond to duty and obey orders, as well as the cheerfulness with which they give their time and services to the state."

"I have appreciated, also, the liberality of the general assembly, through my administration, in providing a camp of instruction and the appropriation needed to maintain and improve the forces during their attendance thereupon."

He recommended, therefore, not only the continuance of the appropriation, usually made to volunteer forces, but such additional amounts as in the wisdom of the general assembly may seem due for the full protection of the state against invasion, insurrection, riot and mob violence. These dangers are a time of trouble and threatening, and the executive would be absolutely powerless to meet them without the aid of a well equipped military force."

Mr. Rockwell, to amend section 1694 of the code of Georgia so as to regulate the time when fish may be taken in the waters of this state.

Mr. Rockwell, to amend section 1694 so as to allow the judges of the superior court of this state to confine in the lunatic asylum persons who are insane and persons non compos mentis whenever the ordinary of the county is absent from the county.

Mr. Rockwell, to provide penalties for certain violations of the penal laws, to provide for the confinement of persons in the lunatic asylum, and to provide for the confinement of persons non compos mentis whenever the ordinary of the county is absent from the county.

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ATLANTA, GA., October 27, 1894.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the crowded condition of Sunday's Constitution it is absolutely necessary that our advertising friends should send in their copy by 8 O'CLOCK TONIGHT, as after that hour neither classification nor space will be guaranteed. This is imperative, and it is hoped our merchants will send in their copy early.

The Man the People Want.

The senator to be selected by the general assembly now in session will serve for a term of six years. During that period great events will take place—events of the most vital importance to the welfare of the people. A great issue—the greatest in its far-reaching results that the people's representatives have ever been called on to settle—will be disposed of during that period.

It is important, therefore, that the man who is to be selected to represent the people of the state of Georgia in their sovereign capacity for the term of six years, should be thoroughly in sympathy with the people when this great issue comes up for settlement. We need not discuss that issue in this place. The members of the general assembly know what it is and the people know what it is. It will continue to press for settlement as long as our financial measures are dictated by British and European interests, and not by the interests of the people of this country.

Never in the history of Georgia has the selection of a senator been of more importance than it is today. Never have the people had greater interests at stake, so far as federal legislation is concerned, than they will have during the term of the senator who is to be selected by the general assembly.

The legislature, we are sure, is thoroughly in accord with the people on the great issue that is to be settled in congress, and the people are practically unanimous in favor of American financial legislation by Americans and for Americans. This being true it is incumbent on the representatives of the people to make no mistake, but to select for the senatorship a man who is pledged to carry out the people's views without any "ifs" or "ands."

Mr. Cleveland's Attitude.

When it became known that the democratic party in New York would be opposed by that element that professes to be ardently devoted to Mr. Cleveland, it was hoped and believed that the president would speak the word that would prevent opposition, and use his official and personal influence as a democrat to strengthen the party organization.

If the campaign in New York were an ordinary one the democrats of the country would not expect Mr. Cleveland to take more than ordinary interest in the result. But the election in New York next month will settle the question whether that great state will be in the democratic column in 1896. If the republicans win, they can only win by the reason of the division that has been created in the democratic organization by the real or pretended friends of Mr. Cleveland.

This being plain to democrats throughout the country, they have hoped and believed that at the proper moment Mr. Cleveland would speak the word that would put an end to the opposition drummed up by men calling themselves his friends and that would restore complete harmony. It was understood, of course, that Mr. Cleveland has an intense personal dislike to Mr. Hill, but it was hoped and believed by the democrats of the country that the president would place the interests of the party above his personal dislikes and prejudices, at least for the moment. It was thought that as Mr. Hill had shown himself to be broad minded and patriotic enough to sink his prejudices out of sight whenever the occasion demanded it, Mr. Cleveland would find it easy to make so small a sacrifice for his party. That would have been the main course—a course dictated by every suggestion of patriotism and by every instinct of party loyalty. We need not say that such a course would have given Mr. Cleveland a new claim on the admiration and esteem of those who believe in democratic principles, and who take no interest whatever in the petty prejudices, jealousies and animosities that sometimes spring up between party leaders.

But Mr. Cleveland has allowed the opportunity moment to pass. He could not now add any more strength or any more harmony to the democratic organization than it has already acquired in spite of his strange silence and in the face of the active opposition of the patriotic and endemocratic element that pretends to be devoted to him. The president's attitude has already been ascertained that he is either indifferent to the success of the party in his own

state or anxious for its defeat, and holding that he could now say or do in behalf of the organization and its candidates would convince the voters of New York or the democrats of the rest of the country that he sincerely desires the success of the party in his native state.

Meanwhile, the independent candidate, Mr. Everett Wheeler, who has been put up to defeat the party's candidate, is proclaiming that Mr. Cleveland is for him and will vote for him. This is probably having some effect, but it gives us pleasure to know that some of the men who have been accused of placing Mr. Cleveland above party and party considerations have demonstrated their patriotism and their loyalty to democratic principles by announcing for Hill and the regular organization. Undoubtedly the situation in New York affords a test of the sincerity of those who claim to be democrats. Men who are unable to sink their prejudices and lay aside their petty spite to serve the party at a very serious crisis in its history may call themselves democrats, but they lack the first element of democracy, to-wit: that democratic principles are more important than any man or set of men.

Under all the circumstances we think that Mr. Cleveland owes it to his party to make his position clear and unmistakable. We do not think that he can afford, consistently with the obligations he owes to the people, to lay himself open to the charge of stalling Hill, and through Hill, the party, in the back. Such a style of doing business is not characteristic of Mr. Cleveland. But this is the attitude in which his silence places him.

Mr. Hill has been mainly enough to give the democratic administration a cordial endorsement. Let Mr. Cleveland be mainly enough to declare his opposition to Hill, if he is opposed to him, and not strike him from behind the screen of silence. If Mr. Cleveland is indifferent to the success of Hill and the party in New York, let him say so. If he is anxious for the defeat of Hill and the party let him say so. In this way he will not only clear the political atmosphere, but retain the reputation for candor that he has honestly won.

Pay and Patriotism.

Our dispatches inform us that the Japanese are amused and astonished to find that their Chinese prisoners have not the slightest spark of patriotism and are only concerned about their pay, which they are begging the Japanese to collect from the Chinese government.

These prisoners frankly avow that they are mere mercenaries, fighting for money and nothing else. They are well satisfied to remain in captivity, provided they can get their pay.

The spirit which animates these unpatriotic hirelings is not confined to China. Even in our own country we find legions of men who think more of pay than patriotism, and who care little about the welfare of the republic so long as they can reap the fruits of patronage. Our political mercenaries who enlist in the public service do not bother themselves about their obligations to their party. They are tied by a string to certain leaders and bosses who place them in office, and their sole object seems to be to serve their patrons and build them up, instead of serving and building up their party.

The Chinese prisoners in Japan are willing to see their government go to the dogs, if they can collect their pay, and our political mercenaries are on the same line—ready to see their party wrecked, so long as they can secure a few patronage plums from the bosses whose collars they wear. Pay, and not patriotism, is the moving impulse of these hirelings. They are ready to repudiate their platform, split their party into factions, and paralyze every function of their government if they can get what they regard as their share of the spoils, and their allegiance is transferred in a moment from one boss to another, whenever the temptation in the shape of public plunder is sufficient.

The simple Chinese mercenaries who are clamoring for their pay are not more dangerous to their government than our political mercenaries are to the republic. So long as we have a body of men in the public service who feel under greater obligations to the dispensers of patronage than they do to their party and the government we shall be in constant danger. We need a revival of the old patriotic American spirit.

A New College Study.

A practical study of poverty is announced as a part of the course of a leading college in New York city.

It is proposed that under the direction of the professors certain classes of students shall study the different phases of poverty in the metropolis and tabulate the results for reference. Perhaps the experiment will lead to the establishment of a chair of poverty in this enterprising college. The bright young men who are going slumming with their professors should have every facility afforded them, but it is to be hoped that they will go with their pockets well filled when they intrude upon the privacy of the starving poor, and that they will relieve some of the suffering that will come under their eyes. Unless relief work is made a part of this pretentious study of poverty the whole business will simply be a middle-class and impertinent, and the self-appointed investigators will deserve to be turned over to the police.

It is not necessary for this New York college to begin a practical study of poverty. The causes of poverty in this country at the present time are well known. Intemperance, idleness and extravagance are among its factors, of course, but the main cause is the contraction of the currency, a policy which has lowered prices, blocked commerce and paralyzed industry.

A change in our financial policy—the recoinstitution of silver, the expansion of the currency to \$40 or \$50 per capita, would stimulate enterprise and create a demand for labor, and do more to abolish poverty than anything else that could be tried. Tabulated statistics, pamphlets and economic essays will not cure the evil. The only remedy, aside

from industry and economy, is to redeem the pledges of financial relief in the democratic platform.

Talking Sense at Last.

The Yorkshire Post is a leading English newspaper, and it is a fair and a sensible journal.

The Post has no sympathy with the crusade of the British anti-lynchers against the south. It has studied the lynching problem, and after reading Miss Bagnard's attack upon our people and the reply of Governor Jones, of Alabama, it gives its verdict in favor of the south.

Our friendly English contemporary declares that lynching is likely to occur in a young and thinly settled country, and is only a phase of human law in the making. Sometimes the innocent suffer, but even that is better than apathy toward the perpetrators of crimes against womanhood. Interference on the part of the English is wholly without excuse.

Miss Bagnard's remonstrance, addressed to the governor of Alabama, is spoken of by The Post as "a fatless screed," and that paper says that the governor is exactly right when he says that if the English anti-lynchers are justified in their meddling course a committee of Americans would be justified in asking the queen, her ministers or her governor generals for official assurances of the falsity of alleged instances of cruelty under the eviction laws of Ireland, the oppression of natives in India and Egypt, and the murder of negroes in Africa.

It is gratifying to find such papers as The Post speaking out against the impertinence of the British anti-lynchers. It shows that there are fair-minded people in England who think well of the south, and are ready to defend our people against unjust attacks.

We say that all this is gratifying, but at the same time we want it understood that the lynching evil must be suppressed, if it takes all the military power of the states to do it. But we do not mean that the suppression of the crimes against women shall be delayed. On the contrary, we believe that the crime of rape will have to cease before the crime of lynching can be entirely abolished.

A New Field for Women.

The progress of a number of women in this country who have made architecture their profession is drawing attention to this new field of enterprise for the gentler sex.

A bright woman of a practical turn of mind can beat a man nine times out of ten in planning a dwelling that will be comfortable, homelike and beautiful. Perhaps a woman architect would make a failure if she drew the design for a public building, a factory or a warehouse, but she knows just what a mansion or a cottage should be, and there is no good reason why she should not devote her attention to domestic architecture.

By all means, let us widen the field of woman's work. Teaching, law, medicine, authorship and typewriting do not offer all the opportunities needed by women who are compelled to be self-supporting. If architecture can be added to the list of their occupations, so much the better.

Many women have a natural talent for this line of work, and if some of them desire to cultivate it and make a living out of it they should be given the chance.

It should be the policy of society and the state to encourage, aid and equip women for all proper breadwinning occupations, and they should not be barred out by the senseless prejudices of those who do not appreciate the dignity of labor.

Candidate Hines received 96,000 votes in Georgia. The figures would have been much larger if the democratic bushwhackers had begun to peddle out John Sherman's financial doctrines two weeks earlier than they did.

You may be sure that the republican postmasters in New York are not for Hill and the democracy.

The Washington Post thinks the people ought to give the democratic party a recess and then a rest. Evidently somebody has hitched the wrong horse to the Post.

"A Southern Democrat" in New York writes to The Sun that Mr. Cleveland is trying to break up the democratic party. This might be important if it were possible for one man to break up the party.

Vice President Stevenson is the only member of the administration who has taken the trouble to make a speech in New York. Mr. Stevenson, we believe, is a western democrat.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Mr. T. J. Keenan, Jr., of The Pittsburg Press, is not only one of the most progressive newspaper men in Pennsylvania, but he has done so much, if not more, for the promotion of scientific bicycling than any man in the state. His paper has taken a keen interest in all matters relating to bicycling, and the support of The Press has done much to popularize bicycling in Pennsylvania, where it is probably in more general use than in any state of the union. In appreciation of his services numerous "gycling clubs in Pittsburgh and throughout Pennsylvania are urging him for the responsible position of vice consul of the League of American Wheelmen for the Pennsylvania division. He is being actively supported by his many newspaper friends in all parts of the state, and as he makes a success of everything he undertakes, it is needless to say that he will do likewise this time. It is certain that the American Wheelmen could not secure a more active worker to represent the great state of Pennsylvania in its councils, or one who will do more for the practical advance of bicycling.

Mr. Keenan is well known in Atlanta, having visited the city last spring attending the annual convention of the International League of Press Clubs, of which he was the founder, and is still one of the most prominent members.

In view of Venezuela's promise to make an exhibit at the Cotton States and International exposition, it is to be hoped that he will do the work so expertly done by himself, and so fruitful have been the results of his endeavors to improve the bicycle that it is no wonder that those who know him and his labors insist upon his appointment as state school commissioner.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Jim and the Bills.
Jim had so much money now,
Sent him to the legislature.
Always looked so mighty mighty—
All he wanted was a showin'.

"Send me there," he'd say, "and you
Watch me get the big bills through."
Well, as matters went him,
To the capital we sent him;
Brass band at the depot blowing;
Off went Jim to "get a showin'."

Every single voter knew
Jim would push the big bills through.
So we bunched 'em all together—
Ellis of every sort of feather.
Every day by mail was going:
"Go it, Jim! you've got a showin'!"

Jim—he got up night and day,
Storing of the bills away.
Bills an' bills! They set him reelin'!
Filled the room an' hit the ceilin'!
Every time Jim got to talkin',
Seemed to see them bills a-walkin'!

"Fore he'd get one half-way read,
"Nuther'd buzz around his head!
Finally—Jim wasn't laxy,
But them bills—they run him crazy!
So, one night, while 'er 'em crasy,"
Found a big crack in the floorin'!"

Stuffed 'em in when no one knew;
That's the way Jim "got 'em through!"
—F. L. S.

An Explanation at Last.

Boy-Pop, what does it mean when it says:
"The gentleman from Georgia has the floor?"
It means, my son, that he was
Too much of a gentleman to get in bed with his boots on!

Thomas Bailey Aldrich does not relish being called "the veteran poet." But what is the use of his being ashamed of the war if he was enduring it?

It's Lively Now.

Now "let the galled jade wince,"
And fust and fume and fret;
We haven't had a dull day since
The legislature met!

When the Chinese government gets hold of those unpatriotic soldiers, now prisoners of Japan, it will proceed to cut off their pay and their hands, too.

No Music in His Soul.

"Geewhinkens! Them's the biggest bullfrogs ever heard of!"
"Bullfrogs, the devil! That's the village band a-musadin' of you! You ain't got no music in your soul; you're fit fer 'stratagems an' spilled meat,' you air!"

Some of the autumn poets are writing about "bleased, balmy weather." Now look out for a dead freeze. This is a sure sign that the cold flag of the signal service department.

Fall in Line!

Good times now in Georgia!
Boomin' left an' right;
Hick'ry nuts a-droppin',
An' fires blazin' bright!

All the country glowin'—
Happy on the way;
Fiddles jing a-goin',
Dance till break of day!

A Sure Thing of It.

"Te careful, my boy, not to break any of the laws of your country."
"Yes, sir," said the boy, "I'm a legislator," an' he kin make 'em fast as I break 'em!"

This is the season of the year when Christmas poems, to be acceptable, should have some "meat" in them—big, fat turkeys for the editor, for instance.

THE EXPOSITION.

From The Ringold, Ga., New South.
Next year Atlanta is to have the greatest exposition the southland has ever known. Your brainy body is composed of Georgians who are most interested in the Empire State of the South, and it lies within your power to show your loyalty, your pride and your ambition for the constituency that has sent you as their representatives.

Let some member, who is interested in this great exposition, introduce a resolution constituting each member of both houses a special committee in behalf of it, to see that his country is represented by a creditable exhibit in the gates of the mammoth fair swing open to admit the anxious throng who will have gathered from the four points of the compass to look on and admire the displays.

Every senator and every representative in this body of solons can do more to enhance the people they represent in the advantage of having a creditable exhibit at this fair than could possibly be done through any other agency.

Who will be the man to perpetuate himself in the hearts of his countrymen by introducing this resolution which will be as binding as a pledge on every member? We are aware of the fact that the constitution of the state will not permit of an appropriation for the exposition; but there is no clause which precludes the possibility of the unanimous action of the senate suggested by The Ringold New South.

Without a further expenditure of words, gentlemen, we leave the suggestion with you for deposition, believing that you fully realize the responsibility which now rests with you.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

Telfair Enterprise: Georgia's solons will confer a great favor if they will cease rendering the code so voluminous by the passage of so many worthless local bills. Half of them breed ten to one more litigation than they do good. Pass laws that tend to the commonwealth, and if there are none of this character to be passed, adjourn and come home to your families. By so doing you will receive the welcome of the people, good and faithful servants.

Rome Tribune: Of course we have all ways had good men in the legislature, but few legislatures as a body have shown up so well as the present one. We believe we have had the best and earnest work we have done this session, and we are sure the interests of the state are in splendid hands. There are some splendid men in the body and they will be heard from.

Cherokee Advance: We trust one of the first laws of the present legislature will be looking to the betterment of Georgia's school laws, and providing for funds with which to continue schools through the fall and spring months. That will be practical and needed legislation.

Athens Banner: If the legislature wishes to do the right thing it will heed the advice of Governor Northen and will vote a liberal appropriation to the State Normal school and thereby greatly strengthen the common school system of Georgia.

STATE SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.

Professor Z. I. Fitzpatrick, superintendent of Quitman graded school, is a candidate for the office of state school commissioner. His application is backed by good endorsements. The Madison Advertiser says of him:

"Professor Z. I. Fitzpatrick, of Quitman, is an applicant for the position of state school commissioner under Governor Atkinson. Mr. Fitzpatrick was reared in Morgan, where he has many warm friends, who would like to see him appointed. He is an able educator and would make an excellent commissioner, being thoroughly conversant with educational affairs."

The Rome Tribune says of another candidate for state school commissioner:

"Rev. W. M. Bridges is now Floyd county's efficient school commissioner, and so you can see that he is a man who knows his job. He has been in the school system for many years, and he has been successful in his efforts to improve the schools. He is a man of high character and high ability, and he is well qualified to fill the position of state school commissioner."

Being eminently qualified for the place, and having a strong backing of the people, it is believed that his chances for the appointment are far better than any other applicants.

The Savannah Press has this editorial paragraph:
"Captain S. D. Bradwell has made an efficient school commissioner. He is one of south Georgia's exceedingly few representatives among the state officials. North Georgia has candidates out for his office."

SOUTHERN NEWS NOTES.

In Hardin county, Kentucky, bloodhounds continue to demonstrate their usefulness as thief-catchers. A fellow by the name of Hawkins broke in the store of Mr. Henderson, at Rocky Hill station, Edmonson county, and stole his cash register, expecting, no doubt, that he was carrying away a fortune. He demolished the register short distance from the store and found only 25 cents in it. Mr. Henderson wired Marshal Neighbors to come down and bring his hounds. The hounds were back on the trail, and they ran in the house, scattering women and children and jumped upon the bed, showing that Hawkins went to bed as soon as reaching home. He was found a short distance from the house cutting corn.

Some nights ago James O'Leary, a youth, living at Milford, Lawrence county, Kentucky, dreamed that he fell out of a tree and received painful injuries. The dream so impressed him that he gave up several days his occupation of chesnut gathering. Saturday last he went out again with some neighbor lads, and while in a tree a limb broke with him, precipitating him to the ground, breaking an arm in such manner that that fatal result is feared.

In Floyd county, twenty miles from Prestonsburg, Ky., oil has been struck in great abundance. From one well, which was struck last week, 30,000 gallons ran out in three hours and six minutes. Excitement is high in that section, and five wells which have been sunk, three of them are paying ones. Gas is also found in paying quantities.

A Florida man is said to be making a fortune by catching and shipping live alligators to the north. The dime museums readily buy the big ones and pay well for them.

LEGISLATIVE PRESS PERSONALS.

Savannah News: The selection of Mr. W. H. Fleming, of Richmond county, as the speaker of the house augurs well for a business-like session of the legislature. Mr. Fleming is a good presiding officer and a man of high character.

Senate Press: The caucus of democratic members of the legislature did good yesterday in the selection of Hon. W. H. Venable, of Atlanta, for president of the senate, and Hon. W. H. Fleming, of Augusta, for speaker of the house. They are able parliamentarians, staunch democrats, and in their respective positions will more than fulfill the expectations of their friends.

Griffin News: We are glad to note that luck has not entirely deserted our amiable friend, Senator W. A. Broughton. He was not in it for the presidency of the senate, but he drew the first choice of a seat on the floor.

LaGrange Reporter: Hon. J. H. Pitman and S. S. Tatum went to Atlanta Tuesday, to take their seats as Troup's representatives in the house. We predict that they will receive the warmest welcome of themselves and their constituents.

Athens Banner: Rev. J. W. G. Watkins, who was elected chaplain of the senate of Georgia, used to preach at Oconee street church in this city, and has many friends here who rejoice at his appointment.

Augusta Chronicle: Speaker Fleming will be one of the most popular occupants of the chair that Georgia has ever had.

Albany Herald: Clifton is a jolly good fellow, and will make a very competent and efficient secretary of the senate.

Savannah Press: The Press congratulates Hon. William Clifton. He will make an able and popular secretary of the senate. The democratic caucus yesterday selected him of the office and gave south Georgia a title of what it should have.

Augusta Chronicle: Our prediction has come true. It is Governor Bill Atkinson, President of the Senate Bill Venable, Speaker of the House Bill Fleming, and Secretary of the Senate Bill Clifton, to succeed Bill Harris, deceased.

Cherokee Advance: We believe no man who is an applicant would make a better principal keeper of the penitentiary than Captain McAfee, and we trust his excellent record will not be forgotten by one of the first counties to endorse his candidacy for governor, by appointing our distinguished and capable fellow citizen, Hon. Joseph M. McAfee.

Augusta Chronicle: If Dr. R. J. Massey, who is a candidate for the office of principal physician of the Georgia penitentiary, does not receive the appointment, it will not be for lack of high endorsements. He can be no question of his qualifications.

Rome Tribune: Each of the applicants for the place of state keeper of the penitentiary says Jake Moore is the man he has to beat. That's a good sign for Floyd's popular sheriff.

WILL MEET TODAY.

The Building Committee of the Georgia Teachers' Home Will Gather.
The building committee of the Georgia Teachers' Home of the Georgia Teachers' Association, will meet this morning in the office of Commissioner Bradwell in the state house.

The committee is composed of Captain R. J. Guinn, chairman; Captain R. E. Parks, of Macon; Professor A. J. Brannan, of Brunswick; Mr. J. B. Starnes, of Marietta; Mr. W. J. Woodall, of Columbus; Mr. Euler B. Smith, of LaGrange; and Chancellor Boggs, of Athens. The committee will first dispose of some old business and then will take steps looking to the building of quite a number of cottages on the Georgia Teachers' Association grounds, on Cumberland island, where the association owns eight acres of ground. The cottages are to be used for the teachers during the sessions of the association on the island, and will be built in the most approved and modern style of architecture.

The summer normal school, which is to have its sessions on the island, are to be arranged for, too, by the meeting of the committee. To work now in hand, there is yet due something like a thousand dollars, and the payment of this money will place the committee in excellent shape for the work it has in hand, and the debt in addition to painting and fencing the property belonging to the association.

CAN DOWN THE BEST OF THEM.

"Pap" Key Wants to Find a Wrestler of Any Style.

"Pap" Key, well known throughout the city and the state, too, for that matter, as one of Georgia's baseball players, has turned his attention to wrestling and wants a go with some one who can do the act. "Just say for me," said the man who has been doing the baseball act for many years, as he strode through the Kimball house corridor last night, "that I would like to meet any man in the country for a turn on the floor or grass. I will mix either in the Greco-Roman style or catch-as-catch-can. I ain't particular about the style. All I want is a chance for the wrestle, and I am sure that I can show that I can do it. I will be in the ring, in fact, I am willing to bet a cool hundred that I can't be put down either way by any one in this neck of the woods. Just say that for me."

TALK OF THE TOWN.

"Pretty much as it is," said a prominent citizen yesterday. "The vitrified brick paving is as smooth as glass, and one's feet are as sure as a vehicle passing over it make but little noise. I think it an excellent idea. I'd like to see the asphalt paving on Peachtree street reached. The combining of these two streets would make a long and splendid driveway, which the people of the city would appreciate. I hope that this matter will be brought before the council and worked up as it should."

"Ugly rumors live for years," said a member of the board of education yesterday afternoon. "Why, this morning a rumor came to us that a most estimable lady, one of our very best teachers, was in the habit of sending out from school to a neighboring saloon for a pitcher of foaming beer. The rumor was repeated by several members of the board of education. The lady denied about it, and indignantly demanded an investigation. The board believed in her so strongly and were so confident that she was the victim of a malicious plot, that they refused to hear to an investigation. The lady persisted and made the investigation on her own account. She put the matter before the board in order to square herself, and it turned out that there was nothing more than a piece of spite work. You see the ugly story smoldered for a time, but was revived by some mean thinking person to do the lady an injustice. There is no more estimable lady in Atlanta than this lady, and the board has more confidence than ever in her."

The Atlanta number of The Electrical Review, telling of the recent convention of the street railway men in this city, has many splendid things to say about Atlanta and its people. The Review says:

"Socially, no effort was made to make the gathering a memorable one, and Atlanta's sons and daughters vied with each other in contributing to the entertainment of their guests. From the speech of welcome by Governor Northen to the closing of the convention on Wednesday morning to the parting cheers which rang through the depot as the trains pulled out on Friday night, every moment not actually devoted to business was filled with social enjoyment."

"The reception at the Capital City Club on Wednesday night was a magnificent affair and the spacious rooms were crowded with the representative men and fairest women of the city. The banquet at the Kimball house and the typical Georgia barbecue at Ponce de Leon park were also events long to be remembered.

"Atlanta is rapidly establishing her reputation as the 'convention city' of the south," and that distinction is fairly won and will be nobly upheld all those who have been the recipients of her warm welcome and open-handed hospitality will gladly testify. And the street railway men most emphatically.

Colonel W. C. Glenn, who figured as the leading attorney in the Hallow case, before Judge Newman this week, is also the leading attorney for three of the alleged conspirators in the Roper case. This is one of the most thrilling stories on record and the courtroom will no doubt be crowded during the progress of the trial. The case was set for a hearing on last Wednesday, but on account of the pending of the Hallow case and the illness of two material witnesses, it was postponed until the 12th of November. Colonel Glenn is identified with much of the criminal business that is now transacted in the federal court and his reputation as a brilliant advocate is daily widening throughout the country.

A noted visitor who is on his way to this city to Hermann Warsawski, the converted Hebrew, whose preaching of the gospel has been the sensation of New York city. He has built up a large congregation in the metropolis and his eloquence as a young minister is rapidly winning converts among the Israelites of the country. His coming to Atlanta is an event of peculiar significance and the announcement of his visit will excite the interest of a large number of the Jews of the city.

There were a number of disappointed candidates among the negro aspirants to the place of justice. Among these was Jeff Harris, of Walton county. He was not given a place, but takes his defeat in the proper spirit. "Some," said he, "are inclined to blame their failure to personal reasons, and I don't think that is fair. I am not getting the same place and I am willing to wait for another trial."

"I am not in favor of the too vigorous use of the rod," said Mr. James Mayson, who is a member of the board of education. "But there is a great deal to be taken into consideration in the number of people advocate moral persuasion, but there is a hindrance to this. This must begin at the cradle, and if a boy is used to the rod at home, he will have to be kept under it for awhile at school. There is an old story about the twig being bent. It's not an easy matter to bring this gentler method into instantaneous use for the better."

THEY WILL POLL HAIR

Two Football Games of Local Interest Will Occur Today.

SEWANE WAS HERE YESTERDAY

The Technological School Team Left for Savannah Last Night—Two Good Games Expected.

The long-haired footballers invaded Atlanta yesterday morning. The season of football training has been practically concluded and now the long-haired heroes of the gridiron are given ample opportunity for the testing of strength and skill.

Interest has never before been so marked as it is just now at the opening of the period for actual play, and every college in the south which has any athletic aspirations has all of its hopes centered in the approaching contests.

Here in the south the games between the leading teams will be ushered in with that between the University of North Carolina and Sewanee which takes place in Asheville this afternoon. The 7 o'clock train from Nashville yesterday morning had rather an interesting crew. The Sewanee team, which attracted no little attention during the hour spent in Atlanta, reached here yesterday morning at 7 o'clock.

The Sewanee men were strikingly athletic, and with their huge sweaters caught the eyes of those about them. The boys were given a very cordial greeting by their many friends in the city. All of the Sewanee boys expressed themselves as greatly disappointed at not having succeeded in arranging a game with Auburn for this place on November 24. Sewanee has a considerable following in Atlanta and it is a source of much regret that they will be unable to appear on the gridiron here this season.

Mr. Foss, the Sewanee coach, wore a very pleasant smile all the while as if to indicate his confidence in his men, but with all of this he has no hope of defeating the giants of the Tar Heel State. Sewanee, in fact, enters the contest badly handicapped, as this will be her first game, while North Carolina has played several, and with good teams at that. Under such unfavorable circumstances Sewanee will do well if she manages to score, at the same time holding her opponents down to a respectable number of points.

To Play in Athens Monday.

Sewanee will play the University of Georgia in Athens on Monday—a game in which the championship of the state will be at stake, with the odds in favor of Tennessee. Until this season the Atlanta Zouaves have been backward in the line of athletics, but this year witnesses marked progress at the university in the Rugby game. Mr. Winston, of Yale, by constant drilling, has at last succeeded in equipping a creditable team and the game on Monday will be sharp and full of interest.

The lineup of the two teams will be as follows:

University. J. W. C. Johnson, 164, c. rush. Nally, r. b. 162. Shepherd, G. 170, l. guard. Watkins, M. 168. Colmore, 160, r. tackle. C. Fleming, 153. Owens, 170, l. tackle. Snyder, L. 152. Brown, 140, l. left end. F. Spain, 136. Blacklock, 130, quarter back. G. Butler, 140. Johnson, 145, r. half back. Shakerford, 132. S. Rust, 125, l. half back. Halsey, L. 145. J. Raine, 156, full back. Stubb, 150. Average, 148, sum average, 151.

Atlanta Will Play Savannah Today.

The Technological school football team left last night for Savannah, where the team will go up against the Savannah Athletic Society eleven. The Techs are rather lighter, and will have to do no small amount of energetic playing to overcome this very serious handicap. The average weight of the team is only 140. The game will take place this afternoon and will doubtless be close and exciting to a degree. There were a number of the Tech school boys at the union depot and they gave their representatives a rousing send-off.

The Techs will line up in Savannah as follows: Center rush, Wilson; left guard, Forrest; right guard, Almond; right tackle, West; left tackle, Hill; right end, Meyer; left end, Raoul, and captain; right half back, Ogletree; left half back, Houten; quarter-back, McCall; full-back, McRae.

At every fashionable club, what? Why, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

CAPTAIN AMOS BAKER IS CLERK.

After the First of the Month the Captain Will Be on Hand.

Captain Amos Baker, the stout, healthy, genial captain of the Atlanta Zouaves, will be found at police headquarters every day after the first of next month, when police court is in session.

The virtue of the authority vested in him by the city charter, Hon. Park Woodward, clerk of the city council, yesterday appointed Captain Baker clerk to the police court, in place of Mr. Ernest Looney, who has been clerk to that court since the days of Jud Glenn. The position is one full of hard work and the constant application of the occupant and those who are acquainted with Captain Baker know that he will make a good man for the place. The change was not made on the count of any inability on the part of Mr. Looney.

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The virtue of the authority vested in him by the city charter, Hon. Park Woodward, clerk of the city council, yesterday appointed Captain Baker clerk to the police court, in place of Mr. Ernest Looney, who has been clerk to that court since the days of Jud Glenn. The position is one full of hard work and the constant application of the occupant and those who are acquainted with Captain Baker know that he will make a good man for the place. The change was not made on the count of any inability on the part of Mr. Looney.

A NEGRO'S DEED.

The Flendish Attempt of a Negro to Assault a Little School Girl.

APPROACH OF A HAND CAR SAVED HER

Wild Excitement Among the People of the Neighborhood Yesterday—Searching Parties Scour the Woods.

The quiet town of Bolton was all astir yesterday and that section of the country just beyond the Chattahoochee was wild with excitement.

About dark Thursday afternoon the thirteen-year-old daughter of Mr. Matt Griggs, section master between Atlanta and Bolton, was met by a large negro who attempted to assault her. Her screams and the approach of a hand car, frightened him away and caused him to flee. The alarm was given and searching parties formed. Yesterday a negro girl was said to have been with the man at the time he met his intended victim was arrested. It was found that she knew nothing about the negro or his crime and she was released.

Section Master Griggs lives about seven miles from Atlanta. Mr. Vernon church is scarcely a mile from his house, and a schoolhouse is in the grove surrounding the church. It was to this school that the little girl went every day. Early Thursday morning she left home and remained at the school until nearly 4 o'clock in the afternoon. When school was dismissed she left with a number of her playmates and started out with her books in hand for home.

The children played by the way, and it was rather late when the girl reached the railroad where she separated from her companions to make her way home alone.

After leaving the rest of the children she had gone only a short distance down the road when she was accosted by a large negro man who stepped out of the woods bordering the track. The marked her name. The little girl was too frightened to speak and before she could realize it the negro had grabbed her about the neck and was dragging her into the woods. The strong fingers about her throat prevented her from screaming. She was pulled helplessly into the woods a short distance and thrown upon her face. As he relaxed his grip the girl began to scream loudly. At this juncture a hand car with the section gang on board came down the road. It was a timely approach.

The screams of the girl and the noise of the approaching car frightened the brute and he dashed off into the woods. Some of the crew had heard the screams, and when the car was stopped ran to the place. The girl was terribly exhausted from the struggle and the fingers of the negro had left marks on her throat. Several of the men started out at once in pursuit and the girl, with the girl, boarded the car and went at a rapid gait to the settlement. Mr. Griggs was notified at once. With quick determination, he organized a search party, and the squads of men scattered in every direction. A pack of hounds was sent for and took the trail at once. The dogs ran only a short distance, however, and after crossing a small branch, failed to go any farther.

In the meantime the people for some distance had heard of the attempt, and for several miles the woods were thoroughly covered. The negro had concealed himself well, and no sign of his whereabouts could be gained. At right all of the negro railroad hands were surrounded and were carried before the girl. But she could identify no one and they were released. The search continued all night.

Just beyond the scene of the attempt the section gang whose appearance caused the negro's flight had noticed a colored girl. She was thought to have been with the negro at the time he met the girl and it was for that reason that she was arrested yesterday morning by one of the county police.

The girl insisted that she knew nothing about the occurrence. She said that she was from Anniston, and was on her way to see her mother who lived near Clark university. The officers were satisfied that she knew nothing, and afterwards let her go. There was great excitement and a large country yesterday when the affair became generally known and that part of the country was full of the story.

The brute made good his escape but Section Master Griggs and the officers have not yet given up the search and hope to locate him.

Over 40,000 tons of ammonia are used annually in baking powders. No adulterants of any kind in Dr. Price's.

AT THE THEATERS.

Thomas Q. Seabrooke is all that his friends claim for him as a fun producer and in "The Isle of Champagne" he has an opera which gives his talents wide scope. It was seen here last year and proved a great favorite, as the big house which greeted it last night attests. The company is a large one and includes practically the same people as were in the cast last year. In every detail the production is fully up to any comic opera production ever seen here. Mr. Seabrooke is a "sufficient" comedian with a great big S. He is very amply rewarded by charming Elvin Crox, Walter Allen and a number of other very capable people.

At the matinee today and at tonight's performance Mr. Seabrooke will be seen in his new opera, "Tabasco." This is by the author of "Isle" and is said to be very funny. Seabrooke's role, that of the chief, is said to be the funniest which he has had. With "Swim Out O'Grady," is one of the hits of the year.

"1492" Coming. The great metropolitan success, Rice's surprise party in "1492" is coming Monday and Tuesday to the Grand.

This operatic extravaganza enjoyed the phenomenal run of 495 nights in New York city, closing at the Garden theater some few weeks ago. This company is said to be fully up to the original. It numbers 100 people, including orchestra, and the scenery and mechanical and electrical paraphernalia require an extra car for its transportation. "1492" is a story of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus and permits of the introduction of the most elaborate scenic display. The music is sweet and pretty and abounds in catchy tunes that are bound to become popular. There are the most novel special effects and ballets. Some of the completeness of the production can be gained from the fact that the stage of the Grand is being wired for 500 extra incandescent lights, which form a part of the electrical effects in this magnificent production.

"Henry IV." which has not been produced here during the last fifteen years, has been revived by Ward and James and will be presented here Wednesday night and Thursday matinee at the Grand. Mr. Ward will be seen as Prince of Wales, Louis James as Falstaff. Thursday night Bulwer Lytton's masterpiece, "Richelieu," will be given.

Mabel at the Edgewood. "Daphne," the best comedy that Little Mabel has given Atlanta, excepting "Bele Belle Marguerite," and "The Other Girl," was the attraction at the Edgewood Avenue theater last night. Miss Mabel, a charming child at all times, was particularly good last night. The statue dance of little Mabel was novel and beautifully executed.

The specialties were all up-to-date. The singing of Mr. H. Guy Woodward, who is a clever comedian, was a feature of the performance.

This afternoon "La Belle Marguerite," the new operatic comedy of the Little star, will be given at the matinee. Tonight "Little Miss Mischief" will be the bill.

It will pay you to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. With pure blood you need not fear the grip, pneumonia, diphtheria or fevers. It will make you strong and healthy. Take Hood's and only Hood's.

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IVORY

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FOR TABLE LINEN.

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Manufacturers and Dealers in

EVERYTHING OPTICAL.

Leaders in grinding oculist's prescription lenses. Kellam & Moore, scientific opticians, 54 Marietta street, opposite post-office.

WHEN YOU KNOW

HOW TO LIVE,

LIFE IS WORTH LIVING FOR

The person afflicted with disease cannot enjoy life properly. Good health is necessary for a long and happy existence. Poor health renders life miserable. Is it not best to be a perfect man or a perfect woman? You lose your NERVE when sick. NERVE is necessary for a long and happy existence. When you see that you do not feel right, something is wrong. Then it is time to seek relief. In deciding what physician to employ, go to the BEST and MOST RELIABLE. Dr. Hathaway & Co. are considered to be the leading and most successful specialists in the United States in their line. All delicate and private diseases peculiar to men and women, skin, blood and nervous disorders. Dr. Hathaway & Co. have had the experience and have fitted themselves thoroughly to treat the above diseases. They stand at the head. They do not offer any cheap fraudulent methods to obtain patients, but transact their business on a strictly professional basis. Consultations free; charges reasonable.

Specialties: Syphilis, Rheumatism, Specific Blood Poison, Gonorrhea, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Pimples, Eruptions, etc.

Piles, Catarrh, and all diseases of Women. MEN—Young, middle-aged or old, who are suffering from nervous weakness, indigestion, debility, premature decay, or any wasting disease caused by excesses, indiscretion and general vitiation of the system, should consult the reliable and most successful specialists for the cure of these ailments. Strength, vitality and power restored.

Blood and skin diseases, Acne, Eczema, Psoriasis, Scabies, etc. Scrofula, Blood Poison in all its stages.

Urinary diseases, Kidney, Bladder and Prostatic troubles, and all catarrhal conditions of the urinary tract, causing painful and frequent urination, and all private diseases of men and women cured.

LADIES should not fail to try our treatment for the many diseases peculiar to their sex. We have cured hundreds of cases when other doctors have failed. Our treatment is easy to use and no pain is involved. Business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from examination and cost.

Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blank—No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women. 3 for skin diseases. No. 4 for catarrh.

Our medical reference book sent on request on one 2-cent stamp.

Call on them or address DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 225 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. Hours: 10 to 12, 2 to 6, 7 to 8, Sundays 10 to 1 only.

Dr. W. W. Bowes

SPECIALIST.

Hydrocele, Stricture, Nervous Debility, Kidney and Liver Troubles, etc.

Supernumerary, Enlarged Prostate, Gleet, Rheumatism, Syphilis, Pimples, Dyspepsia, Facial Eruptions, Mole, Hemorrhoids or Piles, etc.

Rectal Ulcer-Fistula. Permanently CURED. No cutting, no bleeding, no detention from business. Address DR. W. W. BOWES, Atlanta, Ga.

Consultation at office or by mail free. Send for circulars and book on "The Bowes System of Treatment." Address: DR. W. W. BOWES, 154 Marietta St.

PETER LYNCH,

55 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets; branch store at 201 Peters street. In addition to his large and varied stock, is now receiving his usual supply of lawn and garden seeds for fall sowing—such as rye, clover, orchard, blue and red-top grass seeds; also, a large variety of turnip seeds of the green, white and red varieties; also, White Flat Dutch, White Amber, Yellow and Mammoth Red-top, Early, Seven Top, Yellow Rutabaga, Cowhorn, Yellow Aberdeen and other varieties; all fresh and true to name. Also a few bushels of German Miller corn, which will be sold low. Fall Cabbage, Collard and Radish seeds on hand; also, a few pounds each of five or six kinds of fine Onion seed, which will make onions large enough for table use before Christmas. Some of the above and other goods at 201 Peters street and branch store at 55 Whitehall street and branch store at 201 Peters street. All orders accompanied with the cash filled promptly and at reasonable prices. Large stock of numerous at each of his houses. Terms cash.

35.13 round trip Atlanta to Macon, including admission to Dixie Fair, via Central railroad of Georgia. The only line running trains in union passenger station at Macon. Three trains daily with elegant parlor cars. Tickets now on sale.

THE BRAKES ARE OFF!

The Silver Brake,

The Labor Brake

AND THE

Tariff Brake are off—

There's much lost time to be made up, so let the business train start. Here we are with a magnificent stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, which will be sold cheaper than ever before. There is an indefinable something about our suits that strikes the eye and attracts attention. If you are looking for clothing for yourself and boys, overcoats, underwear or anything in our line, call on us at our earliest opportunity. We also keep Carhart's union made pants and overalls, favorably known to all railroad men for their strength and durability.

JOS. B. CALDWELL,

9 Whitehall St.

Oct 24-1 mo

Mineral Hill Spring and Sanatorium,

Bean Station, Granger Co., East Tenn.

Situated at Bean Station, East Tennessee, twenty miles from Knoxville, on the Morristown and Cumberland Gap railroad. Nine different kinds of mineral waters, consisting of red, white and black sulphur, chalybeate, epsom, alum, black water, arsenic, and iron. Hot and cold mineral baths. One-eight mile from rail station; telegraph, express and post office adjoining. Comfortable carriage masts all trains free. Terms \$20 per month, \$10 per week, \$5 per day, 50 cents per meal. Special rates to families. Children and servants half price. For information address Captain John C. Brain, proprietor; Edgar Hood, clerk. Bean Station, Granger county, East Tennessee.

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Oct 24-1 mo

THE DIXIE FAIR.

The Greatest Day Yet in Point of Attendance.

THE MANAGERS ARE HIGHLY JUBILANT

Over the Great Success of Their Fair, Held in Hard Times and Under Many Adverse Circumstances.

Macon, Ga., October 26.—(Special.)—The big crowd that is to make the Dixie fair the greatest success of any exposition ever held in Macon, has about gone home. At least there is a noticeable increase in the number of visitors today over yesterday. Today seems more like a representative day at a big exposition, for there is more life on the grounds and more to be seen in the exhibition halls. The day is being marked by no particular formalities, but everybody is just enjoying themselves in the fullest and taking in the sights in the long exhibition halls in one constant throng of anxious spectators.

"Drummers' Day" has been set again for next Thursday, when it is hoped that more of the fraternity will be in the city to participate with the local knights in a grand banquet at one of the halls in town. There will be a parade in the morning in the principal streets and down to the fair grounds. The officers of the local association will see to it that all their brethren have an enjoyable time. The midway pleasure has been hit a hard blow. One of its chief and most sensational attraction, "The Nautch Girl," has been closed up and a lot of fun for the boys has been spoiled. The most prominent and influential people who have attended the fair objected to this show from the first and indignantly branded it as indecent. The matter was taken to the executive committee of the fair association and they maintained a position of refusal to the proprietors of the show. The result was that these gentlemen, three in number, walked quietly around to the "Nautch girl's" tent last night and shut the thing down. The committee a little stir on the platform for a while, for the rumor had been spread over the fair grounds about 9 o'clock that the police were going to pull the place. This done, the committees went around to the other places of similar pattern and called the pretty dancers down on some of their most accomplished and brilliant feats. So that now the midway is not as bad as it used to be, though some people say that the changes which have been made and the modifications that have been ordered have not materially altered any of the shows.

Dr. Monk's Work.
Dr. Alonzo Monk, the fearless Methodist preacher who has been attracting a good deal of attention throughout the state by his recent sermons in Mulberry Street church, is constantly on the grounds in consultation with the police officers and other authorities who can furnish him data. It is understood that he will give his experience and what he saw and found out on the midway, at Mulberry Street church next Sunday. One thing certain is that the doctor has his pencil and notebook and is loading up for some purpose. To return to matters that more particularly concern the fair, the machinery exhibit started up in full blast today and is now working in the north end of the main building, first floor. It is complete in every feature now and is one of the chief attractions among the exhibits. Malory Bros. & Co. and Talbot Sons occupy almost the entire end of the building in their display of machinery, and it is certainly a most creditable showing they make of all improved and latest patented machinery, cotton gins, etc.

Singleton & Porter, candy manufacturers, have a brilliant display about the center of the main building down stairs. This exhibit is in charge of Miss Minnie Risk, one of the most beautiful and delightful young ladies in the hall. It is a place where all visitors stop for a passing glance.

The Races at the Park.
There were four very good matinee races this afternoon at the park, in which several well known horsemen made entries. They were a fitting introductory to what will follow next week, when some of the best stock in the south will be put on. The result of today's races was as follows:
First race, 2:30 p.m., mile heat, one lap in three. Entries, Frankie D., driven by Whitehead; Flying Prince, driven by Riley. Won by Frankie D., Time, 2:32.
Second race, 2:30 p.m., best two in three-mile heats. Entries, Adjutant, driven by Kimball; Nance, driven by Boliam. Won by Adjutant. Time, 2:22.
Third race, mixed pace and trot, best two in three-mile heats. Entries, Blackie, driven by McIntosh; Patti D., driven by Offutt. Won by Patti D., Time, 2:36.
Fourth race, three-mile heats, best two in three-mile heats. Entries, driven by Newhall; McElroy, driven by Miller; Goldstein, driven by Lee. Only one heat was run, won by Goldstein. Time, 2:14.
There will be more races this afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock.

Wesleyan Girls Attend.
The young ladies of Wesleyan Female college, in charge of Professors Newman and Perry and several lady teachers from the college, took in the fair this morning about 100 strong. The bright faces of the fair young ladies lent additional attractiveness to the hall as they passed through, and themselves were a lovely exhibit to the hundreds of people who watched them. They passed along from one hall to another. The young ladies, for some reason, failed at first to get a place in the art gallery for their exhibits and had about given up hope of being able to get their work on exhibition. Today, however, Mr. Blackie, one of Macon's leading photographers, learning of the misfortune of the young ladies, magnanimously offered his place to them and moved his exhibit to another and not so favorable position in the gallery. The work of the young ladies will be put in right away.

Saturday, Labor Day.
Tomorrow is labor day, and it promises to be the biggest day of the week. Major F. Hanson will deliver an address before the mechanics and laboring men of Macon at 10 o'clock in the afternoon in the premium hall. Major Hanson is the working man's friend, and there is hardly a man in Macon stronger among that class of people. It will no doubt be a rare treat, and a large crowd will greet the distinguished speaker.

Fair Notes.
Chief Jones, of the Macon fire department, is splendidly prepared for emergencies at the park. He has two engines and a corps of his best men nicely quartered near the premium hall, and divides his time between the city and the fair grounds.
Major Winters, the superintendent of the Macon Consolidated Street Railway Company, is also one of the most energetic of the fair directors. He has a magnificent schedule on all his line connecting from the fair grounds with all points in the city.
A thing that is particularly creditable to the fair is the splendid order kept day and night on the grounds. Chief Jones has an ample force of police on the grounds, but so far there has been very little disturbance of the peace. In fact, the only arrests made are of negroes who try to slip in the grounds.
Julius Otto, in charge of G. Bern & Co.'s harness and saddlery exhibit, has a monkey that attracts much attention that every thing else in the main building. It is a toy monkey, but it runs the park wild, and is one of the cleverest toys in the city.
Mr. James Rooney, the park keeper, has large crowds of callers every day. He keeps the drivers in the park in splendid condition and his hot-houses are the delight of all the ladies.
Among the prominent people visiting the fair are Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Campbell and Miss May Campbell, of Athens, who are registered at the Lanier house and will spend several days here.
Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Taylor, of Cochran, are among the visitors here this week.
Miss Louise DuRoi, of Athens, is visiting Miss Matilda Wiley during the fair.
The visitors at the fair and the public

generally went wild over the "Danzler" at the Academy of Music last night. It deserves all that the press everywhere says about it, and more.
Hon. E. L. Moore, of Valdosta, ex-senator from the sixth district, was in the city yesterday. He says the Dixie fair is the best fair he has ever seen in Macon. He spent some time shaking hands with old legislative friends whom he met here.

Newsp Notes.
The bicycle riders of Macon, will ride in a fantastic parade Monday night with Japanese lanterns and bunting galore. It is the grandest display the bicyclists have ever made in Macon.

Mr. S. A. Jaques, of the Jaques & Tinsley Company, and Mr. William Gallagher, general manager of the Macon Grocery Company, returned from Louisville, Ky., last night, where they attended the big meeting of western meat packers. They went as representative jobbers of the Southern railway passenger department, is here looking after the travel over his road to the city. He came down from Atlanta a day or two ago and will remain here for a week.
Mr. Adolph Gray, the engineer who was scalded to death in the Macon and North-west wreck yesterday, was buried this afternoon in the family burying ground in Rutland district.
The order regarding the discharge of employees of the Southern railway, which will go into effect November 1st, a number of Macon employees had their salaries garnished, and had been given to fully understand what it means if such a thing occurs again.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.
A Gang of Negroes in the Business of Passing Bogus Coins.

Sandersville, Ga., October 26.—(Special.)—Two men engaged in counterfeiting were arrested and jailed here tonight. They worked the town, buying a nickel's worth at nearly all the stores and receiving 95 cents in change. One merchant detected the counterfeit soon after making a sale, and a man who passed the dollar pretended he knew nothing about it being spurious; that the money had been paid him for picking cotton. The fact that only a nickel's worth was purchased at various stores, is sufficient to refute this. R. M. Brown, one of the victims, found the men in the rear of his store after dark, preparing to leave town in their buggy. He pointed a double-barreled gun at them and commanded them to throw up their hands, which they quickly done. Marshal Smith was summoned and the men were locked up in jail. It is not known what their names are, or where they came from, but it is presumed they came from below Sandersville. Counterfeit dollars have been passed here several times recently, probably by the same gang.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE JACKSON Settles Himself in Thomsville to Spend the Winter.

Thomsville, Ga., October 26.—(Special.)—Justice Jackson, of the United States supreme court, arrived here today with his family and servants from Washington. He came in a private car of the Southern railway. Justice Jackson has been in bad health for some months, and after having visited other portions of the United States, he comes to Thomsville to test the merits of our mild, salubrious climate. He has leased the elegant suburban home of Dr. Miller and will occupy it with his family until next spring. He expresses himself as much pleased with Thomsville. A residence belonging to Dr. A. P. Taylor, on Barlow street, was destroyed by fire last night. It was insured in the Norwich Union for \$2,100.

Fire in Americus.
Americus, Ga., October 26.—(Special.)—Fire broke out this afternoon among the cotton at the shipper's compress in the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery railroad yards, which resulted in the partial burning of 125 bales of cotton before the fire department got the fire under control. The cotton was managed about half its value. But for the efficient service of the fire department a very heavy loss would have resulted, as over a thousand bales were exposed, besides the compress and warehouse, and the warehouse and stock of the Americus Grocery Company adjacent.

Burglary in Milner.
Milner, Ga., October 26.—(Special.)—Last night the store of Messrs. Woodall & Head, at this place, was burglarized. The work was clumsily done, giving away the evidence that it was conceived and executed by local talent. Cartridges, pocket-knives and perfume seemed to suit the fancy of the thieves best, as they passed more valuable goods by and showed no sign of their attention to them. It is confidently believed that the burglars will be caught.

The Ginhouse Destroyed.
Spring Creek, Ga., October 26.—(Special.)—The ginhouse and contents on the Clayton farm were destroyed by fire yesterday evening, loss \$600. No insurance. By continuous pouring of water on a pile of seed cotton about one bale was saved. County Commissioner H. M. Clayton was in charge of the gin.

A GEORGIA BOY'S SUCCESS.
Dr. Lucius A. Adamson, a gifted Georgia boy, who lived in Atlanta and Montgomery, has recently been appointed to a position in New York which is highly prized among the members of his profession.

Dr. Adamson's career has been one of remarkable brilliancy and no young man stands higher in the medical profession in New York than he. A few years ago he came to Atlanta from his home a few miles away and entered the drug business with the firm of Pinson & Dugger. He studied medicine and immediately took high rank in his profession. He went to New York and entered Bellevue hospital to complete his course of study. He had not finished his course there before he was elected assistant of the hospital and he soon rose to a position of exceptional prominence on the medical staff.
About three years ago he was appointed to the very important position of superintendent at the Ward Island insane asylum. He made a specialty of such cases and won such fame in that line that on last Wednesday he was elected as chief of the insane department at Bellevue hospital. He succeeded Dr. Stuart Douglas, a distinguished member of the New York medical profession. Dr. Adamson is quite a young man, and he made his way to the front by force of energy and genius. He has many friends in Atlanta and throughout the state who will be glad to hear of his splendid success.

All rivals disappear before the power of Dr. Price's Baking Powder as a leavening agent.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.
Be sure and get that old remedy, Dr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It soothes the child, cures the gums, relieves all the pains, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Water Cure Sanitarium
Is permanently located in Griffin, Ga., to receive and treat a. invalids. Send postage stamps for circular.
DR. J. M. ARMSTRONG, Proprietor.
March 12, 1894.

MEETING NOTICES.
Notice of Stockholders' Meetings.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railway Company will be held at the office of the company in the city of Atlanta, Ga., on Friday, November 8, 1894, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.
The transfer books will be closed until November 8th.
J. M. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

50 Lots, \$50 Each.
Payable in fifty weeks. No such chance offered elsewhere. Call on East Lake Company, office 13 North Broad street, for plans.
SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.
Oct 27 '94

FOR A HIGHER PRICE

The Southern Farmers May Originate a Strong Movement.

A MEETING IN MACON WEDNESDAY

The Farmers of the South Want Better Prices for Cotton—Three States Are to Act Soon.

It is extremely probable that in the next few weeks there will be organized a concerted movement among the farmers of the cotton states to protect themselves from the unprecedented low price that is now being paid for cotton. The movement started in Georgia by Mr. Waddell has been followed by similar action of farmers in two adjoining states and there is a disposition among the planters of all the cotton raising state to do something by which their interests may be protected.
Mr. J. O. Waddell came back from Macon yesterday, where he went to organize the movement for Georgia. He called a meeting to be held there this week and the object of it was to adopt protective measures. After coming together the movement took such shape and it became evident that it would assume such large proportions it was decided to postpone the organization of the movement until next Wednesday.
On that day a meeting will be held in Macon, and it will be largely attended. Representative farmers of the state will be present and definite measures will be determined upon. Of course nothing can be definitely predicted concerning the course of action that the meeting will take, but that it will do something seems certain.
Mr. Waddell seems greatly encouraged. He said yesterday that he was pleased to see that adjoining states were taking similar action and it had begun to look as if the whole south would soon be organized into a movement to protect the cotton product. In Alabama Commissioner Hector Lane, of the agricultural bureau, has called a meeting, and John T. Roddey, of South Carolina, has started a movement which he hopes will embrace the entire south. He has named no day for his meeting, but it is quite probable that the movements now germinating in the different cotton states will grow into a huge, concerted movement which will be a potent influence in bettering the prospects of cotton.

At present the movement is all in the air, and what plan the farmers will decide to adopt can only be conjectured. They confidently believe, however, that they can do something to raise the price of cotton. A full and free discussion of the situation may develop the very plan they confidently believe, however, that they cannot raise cotton at 5 cents a pound and that they are forced to do something in self-defense. The movement has special interest, and it is expected that the meeting at Macon Wednesday will be largely attended. The Dixie fair will be a drawing card that will attract many.

FOR RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

Hon. Zach Martin, Member of Council, Is an Applicant for the Place.

Hon. Zach Martin, senior member of the general council from the fifth ward, is an applicant for railroad commissioner and is sanguinely anticipating the appointment, when it suits the pleasure of Governor Atkinson to name that official.

Mr. Martin was an applicant for the position when Governor Norther appointed Hon. Gunby Jordan, of Columbus, and was greatly disappointed when the commission did not come. Yesterday was his name as the appointee. But Mr. Martin is well known as one of the most persistent workers in the city and was not the least phased by his failure to secure the appointment. On the contrary, he decided to push his claims for the place more energetically than ever under the new administration, the Atkinson campaign being then on. He enlisted under the banner of Colonel Atkinson and fought hard for him.

Since the election of Colonel Atkinson Mr. Martin has been pushing his canvass for the position of railroad commissioner. He has been with a long petition, numerous signatures. The petition was addressed to Governor Atkinson and asked for the appointment of Mr. Martin to the commission. He has been his own campaigner and his value as a citizen. The petition which was in the hands of Mr. Martin was only one of many which were being circulated in his behalf. That Mr. Martin there is no better known railroad man in the south. For years he has been a conductor on the Atlanta and West Point line and is known by nearly every one between Atlanta and Montgomery. He is now serving a term in the general council and at one time he was spoken of in connection with the majority of the city.

By its superb qualities Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder has become incomparably the household favorite.

WINTER EXCURSION RATES.

The Southern Railway Begins Sale of Winter Tourist Tickets November 1st.

The sale of winter tourist tickets to all Florida resorts and the principal resorts in Texas and Mexico has been arranged by the Southern Railway Company to begin November 1, 1894. The rates for the coming season will be about the same as heretofore and winter tickets will be good to return until May 31, 1895.
The winter schedules of the Southern railway will afford most excellent accommodations and through car facilities, and those anticipating a winter outing should communicate with either A. V. Verney, C. P. Agent, or W. H. Taylor, D. P. A., Kimball houses, or agents, Ga., before making arrangements for their trip.
Oct 26-27

A Tonic Water.


Willsow's Matchless Mineral Water is the most wonderful tonic in America. Will cure any case of dyspepsia or indigestion, chronic diarrhoea or inflammation of the stomach and bowels, diabetes, kidney, back or urinary organs, nervous or sick headache, piles, ulceration of the womb, bilious colic, swelling, congestion of the stomach, tetter, ring worm or any eruption of the skin, sore throat, all kinds of chronic sore, cancer, rheumatism, syphilis, all secret diseases, male or female, snake bites, stings, bruises, burns, sores or granulations, leprosy, nervous prostration and lost manhood. Heals up inflammation, regulates the bowels, tones up and gives vitality to the whole system.
Price 81 per bottle; 84 per gallon, wholesale. Sold by agents at 25 per gallon. Will take postoffice orders, currency, stamps or checks at my risk to save trouble and expense.
If you are afflicted with any of the above diseases be sure and write W. W. Wilkison, Greenville, Ala. Oct 25-26

AIR-LINE BELLE

Will Run to Corvella in Future.

Effective Sunday, October 28th, the Southern Railway Accommodation train, known as the "Air Line Belle," train, will run daily except Sundays between Atlanta and Corvella, but will not be operated north of Corvella.

Next 7 Wellborn Street at Auction.
next Wednesday, October 31st at 2 p. m.; a neat, 4-room cottage in West End. Call for plans.
SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.



Dust.
All boys is made of dust. Paw as if I ain't more interesting he will dust my jacket. Bob Miller says if his Paw wood get up and dust, I'll be the best dust is gold dust, which is found in quartz, but most she seizes wood rocks have quartz of Gold Dust Washing Powder.
James Johnson

Gold Dust Washing Powder
Is every woman's friend. Ask your grocer for it. Sold in four pound packages. Price 25 cents. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

An endless variety of suitable goods for Wedding Gifts. We have made an especial effort in selecting and buying new and beautiful goods for such occasions.

We can suit the most fastidious. We can please the most exacting.

MAIER & BERKELE
JEWELERS, 31 WHITEHALL STRDET.

ARRAY YOURSELF IN A FINE SUIT.

COAT & C., PANTS AND OVERCOAT.

ALL NEW GOODS.

MADE TO ORDER.

LATEST STYLES.

COME AND LOOK.

GREAT VALUES.

LITTLE MONEY.

Plymouth Rock Pants Company

70 Whitehall St.

LEADS THE WORLD.

Libbey's AMERICAN CUT GLASS.

Highest Award World's Fair.

If you want the finest quality cut glass, buy goods having this trade mark.

J. P. STEVENSON & BRO.

Wholesale & Retail, 171 Atlanta

KEEP YOUR FEET WELL SHOD.

AND YOUR FAMILIES, by wearing

PROTECTED by the

LEWIS

INSURANCE

SHOE

\$3.00

C. M. MORRIS.

C. M. BASS.

It's my treat today.

Come over, boys. Loeb.

NEW MAP OF ATLANTA.

Printed in Colors and Perfected to Date.

Embracing the Cotton States and International exposition grounds, the new seventh ward (West End), Inman Park, routes of all the railroads and electric street car lines, ward boundaries, limit lines and other necessary information.

Especially prepared and copyrighted by Mr. E. Latham, civil engineer, for John M. Miller, publishing agent.

The map is folded in convenient pocket size and enclosed in neat covers.

Price 25 cents. For sale at the John M. Miller Book Store, 39 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Hathaway & Co. are the leading specialists in all diseases peculiar to men and women.

OPIMUM

and Whiskey Exhale

cured at home with

out pain. Book of particulars sent FREE.

L. M. WOOLLEY, M. D.

Atlanta, Ga. Office 1045 Whitehall St.

\$2.13 round trip Atlanta to Macon,

including admission to Dixie Fair,

via Central railroad of Georgia. The

only line running trains in union

passenger station at Macon. Three

trains daily with elegant parlor cars.

Travels now on sale.

CARPETS AT AUCTION, TODAY.

200 Velvet Rugs, 150

Smyrna Rugs, Art

Squares, Brussels and

Ingrain Carpets, 15 and

17 Marietta St., this

morning at 10 o'clock

a. m. and at 3 p. m. and

8 p. m. Auction positively

closes today.

Rhodes, Snook & Hav-

erty Furniture Co.

BUY CARPETS

At the big auction sale at

15 and 17 Marietta St.

Spectral sale of Carpets,

Curtains and Rugs this

morning, October 27, at

10 o'clock a. m. and at

3 p. m. and 8 p. m.

Rhodes, Snook & Haverty

Furniture Co.

CARPET DAY

At the big Auction, to-

day, October 27, at 10

o'clock. Everything must

be sold today at 10 a. m.

and at 3 p. m. and 8 p. m.

Auction closes this even-

ing. Carpets, Rugs, Por-

tieres today. 15 and 17

Marietta street. Rhodes,

Snook & Haverty Furni-

ture Co.

BUY YOUR CARPETS,

Rugs, Lace Curtains and

Portieres at the big auc-

tion, this morning at 10

o'clock a. m. and at 3 p.

m. and 8 p. m., 15 and 17

Marietta street. Auction

closes this evening.

Rhodes, Snook & Hav-

erty Furniture Co.

FOR RENT,

Large double store, next

to Block's Candy Factory

on Alabama street. Will

make long lease with good

party. Call on J. P. Chis-

olm, 37 North Broad.

OPIMUM

and Whiskey Exhale

cured at home with

out pain. Book of particulars sent FREE.

L. M. WOOLLEY, M. D.

Atlanta, Ga. Office 1045 Whitehall St.

\$2.13 round trip Atlanta to Macon,

including admission to Dixie Fair,

via Central railroad of Georgia. The

only line running trains in union

passenger station at Macon. Three

trains daily with elegant parlor cars.

Travels now on sale.

A Formula
 When membership is first proposed by Dr. J. J. Stalder, professor of psychology, DePaul College, Wis. Upon being asked

**What
 Is
 Wisdom?**

the doctor turned to the blackboard and wrote:

66


The
of
The
to
The

Best

Use
Means
—
End

Wisdom,

Can you find a more practical application of the doctor's formula than in the following:


 TO OF IT IT IT

The Daily Use
The Ency Brita
The End Com

**Encyclopedia
of Obstetrics
and Gynecology**

Wis
App

lied

Why not make use of this formula in your house?
If you are a subscriber to The Atlanta Constitution,
the expense will be but

Ten Cents

a Day.

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Why not make use of this formula in your house?
If you are a subscriber to The Atlanta Constitution
the expense will be but

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Wedding Presents

In Cut Glass, Solid Silver and Fancy Goods. We send goods on selection. Write to us before you buy. We also engrave wedding invitations and visiting cards. Send for our samples.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,
47 Whitehall Street.

**important
to
dealers.**

change in price of

"canadian club whisky."

write to us for new quotations—
of much interest to you—don't
delay.

bluthenthal "b. & b."
& bickart.

marietta and forsyth streets.

hellol no. 378.

all kinds of fine whiskies.

FRANK M. POTTS,
HENRY POTTS,
JOSEPH THOMPSON.

**POTTS - THOMPSON
LIQUOR CO.**

WHOLESALE

AND DISTILLERS OF

**Stone Mountain
Corn Whisky,**

7-13 Decatur Street

Kimball House,

ATLANTA, GA. TELEPHONE 48.

Fall,
Winter
Novelties.

**SATZKY,
Merchant Tailor,**
11 Alabama Street.

Open Nov. 5th
to May 1st.

Hotel Cordova
\$3
\$3.50
\$4
per day.
C. B. KNOTT, Manager.

Hotel Ponce de Leon will open Jan. 17, 1895.

**Liebig COMPANY'S
Extract of Beef**

This world-known product has received
highest awards at all principal world's ex-
hibitions since 1857, and since 1885 has been
declared

Above
Competition

Low Rates to the Macon Fair
\$3.13 Round Trip via
Southern Railway. 15
miles the shortest and
quickest route. Lands
passengers within one
block of the Fair Grounds.
Tickets now on sale at
the Kimball House cor-
ner and Union Depot.
Observation chair cars
without extra charge. See
that you get the best and
purchase your tickets via
the short line.

Go over and get your
share of Loeb's elegant
free lunch today.

IN BLUE TIGHTS.

A Picture on the Wall Hung by Hoyt's
Black Sheep Company Raises a Row.

THE PEOPLE OF CHATTANOOGA HAD IT

Torn Down by the Police, and the Council
of Atlanta Will Be Asked to Pass a Law
Prohibiting Living Pictures.

Living pictures and pictures on the wall,
where the outlines of the female form are
shown have been tabooed by the Woman's
Christian Temperance Union of Atlanta.

And all scenic work of that ilk must be
torn down by the police, as it were.
Just now the shows generally are making
a big spread on the bill boards and some of
the work is an excellent imitation of what
might be called that peculiar class of art
in which the artist, the great lover of na-
ture most delights. Within the past few
months, in fact, almost entirely since the
present season opened, the walls, windows
and other places where the bill poster gets
in his work, have been adorned with pic-
tures which have been of more than ordi-
nary interest. To some they were of in-
terest because they came very near pre-
sented the observer's idea of true art, while
to others they were attractive because they
were suggestive of immoral thoughts.

Still there was another view of some of
these pictures taken by some, and that view
may be presented to the general council at
the next regular meeting of that body and
in presenting it there will be a strenuous
demand for the council to pass a law pro-
hibiting the exhibition of such pictures
in windows, bill boards, and in other pub-
lic places. So determined are those who
are engineering the movement that they
say that the pictures shall not be pasted
on the boards or otherwise exhibited even
if the courts of the state must be appealed
to in the shape of an injunction.

Not only is that feeling prevalent in At-
lanta, but it pervades quite a number of
other cities in the south; just as it shot
across the west a year or two ago.
Only a week or two ago it broke out in
Chattanooga, and so violent was the at-
tack that the police department was in-
structed to tear from the walls some of
the most select and costly paper the Hoyt's
"A Black Sheep" hung. That attraction,
like many other companies now on the road,
has invested a snug fortune this year in
posters, bills, pictures and other advertis-
ing devices. Some of the work is of the
finest kind in the way of attractive adver-
tising, and it is left wholly with the idea
of the observer as to whether it is a meri-
torious piece of work or immoral. Either
view of it, however, does not turn the
eyes of the passer-by from the bill
boards, but upon these same boards the
eye rests until the admirer or the condemner
is satisfied.

The "A Black Sheep" shows one piece of
work of which every member of the com-
pany, from the owner, who is collecting money
out of the production, to the grip carrier
for the property man, is very proud. With
them it is a hundred-to-one shot that the
picture is not in the least immoral, and
that it is considered a magnificent piece of
high art. The picture carries for its title
"The Queen of Burlesque," and presents
to the view the figure of a woman in tight
blue. The picture has for its background a
peculiar shade of red, while the figure of
the woman is made of the most exquisite
shade of blue. Standing with her weight
upon one foot, the other being at rest,
the ball of the foot only touching the floor.
The woman's face is anything but pretty,
leans slightly to one side and glances to
the floor. Over her shoulders is a hand-
some wrap with which she is in the act of
adjusting, both of her hands being above
her shoulders grasping the mantle. A deli-
cate, slender waist tapers up to a pair of
drooping, indifferent shoulders while it
rests upon hips, which are out of all pro-
portion with the rest of the body. This
face, not pretty, is made less attractive
by the grin which shows a full set of large
teeth, and lips so red that the evidence of
paint is apparent.

It is this picture which so wrought up
the people of Chattanooga that the mem-
bers of the police department were instruct-
ed to pull it down wherever it might be
found. The action of the Chattanooga au-
thorities made the manager of the show du-
bious, and when he came to Atlanta the
manager was a little chary about putting
out that grade of paper. But Dooley, the
bill poster, convinced the manager that it
would go in Atlanta and out it went.

And in Atlanta it made a howl, and now
the Woman's Christian Temperance
Union has decided that it should
not be tolerated and will ask the council
to prohibit the further exhibition of
pictures of that ilk.

While working on that problem, the ques-
tion of living pictures came up, and the
union decided to ask the general council
at the same time to prohibit the presenta-
tion of living pictures in any of the theaters
of Atlanta.

Just what the council will do in the mat-
ter remains to be seen. If an ordinance of
that kind is passed it will more than likely
call for the appointment of an expert on
wall pictures whose duty will be to inspect
the pictures and decide whether they are
within the meaning and letter of the law
contemplated.

That would make a snap for some one,
but that some one would have his life made
miserable before his first tour of inspec-
tion would be completed so materially do
people differ on the question of the show
pictures.

In taking down the pictures in Chattanooga
the newspapers of that city took a hand
in the matter and the company was given
more free advertising than it could have
possibly bought for carload of dollars. So
full and complete was the question dis-
cussed that the city of Chattanooga decided
to have the "A Black Sheep" with them
again, and the company will make one night
there, next Thursday night, one week from
tonight. So anxious are the people, too, to
judge for themselves that every seat in the
house has already been sold, and the specu-
lator is now getting in his work for a
show, which has been there once within the
last ten days, and will go back again one
week from tonight. One of the leaders in
the movement in Atlanta yesterday remark-
ed:

"These pictures do nothing but corrupt
and prevent the minds of the young people
who pass along the streets, and the sooner
we have a law prohibiting the exhibiting of
them the better it will be for us all. One
minister in Atlanta will preach against
the pictures next Sunday, and several more
will be requested to do the same thing.
We are satisfied that it is immoral, and we
are going to push the movement against
them."

"But how will you decide what should be
shown on the bill boards and what should
not be?" was asked.

"Our good, common sense and the good,
common sense of the members of the po-
lice department will do that. If there
gets to be much doubt about it, we can
stop the exhibition of all show pictures."

"That would kill Mr. Dooley's business
as a bill poster," was suggested.
"Better kill Mr. Dooley's business than to
kill the character and morals of the chil-
dren of the city."

Like Tennyson's "Brook" the increase
of sales of Dr. Price's Baking Powder
promises to "go on forever."

For ladies, the best and purest tonic is
Angostura Bitters. It effectively cures
dyspepsia, and tones up the system. Dr.
J. G. B. Siebert & Sons, M'rs. At Dr-
gists.

Deserving Confidence.—There is no article
which so richly deserves the entire confidence
of the community as Brown's Hæmorrhoidal
Trochets. These, suffering from hæmorrhoids and
Diseases, Coughs, and Colds, should try them
Price 25 cents.



Men's Overcoats

No danger of stumbling on an out-of-
date or out-of-sorts Overcoat in all that
great gathering—every Garment is new
and made for now and near-by.
And such a variety!

For as little as \$10

A good, generous Overcoat,
correct length and style.

For as much as \$40

Choicest Overcoat Novelties
of the season—exquisite.

A hailstorm of sorts in between, partic-
ularly in the range from \$15 to \$25, in-
clusive. Our own past is the only posi-
tive measure we have—far and away
beyond that in every important respect.

Lads-Neel Co

JEWELRY AUCTION.

Watches, Diamonds, Sil-
verware and Jewelry to be
sold for whatever they will
bring. Stock must be sold.

S. MAIER & CO.,
10 PEACHTREE ST.

B. MAIER, Executor.

oct 27 Im

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST
NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN,
FRENCH ENAMELED GOLF,
\$3.50 FINE GOLF & RANGERS,
\$3.50 POLICE, 3 Soles.

\$2.50 22 WORKINGMENS
EXTRA FINE
\$2.15 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES,
LADIES

\$3.25 22 1/2 DONGOLA
BEST PATENT CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS,
BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the
W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of
this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their
value by stamping the name and price on the
bottom, which protect you against high prices and
the middleman's profit. Our shoes equal custom
work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities.
We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for
the value given than any other make. Take no sub-
stitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

C. C. ROGERS, 131 Decatur St.
W. D. SMITH, 85 Decatur St.
Morris, Ewing & Carroll, 103-65
Decatur Street.

NORTH

OVER THE LINE OF THE GREAT

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE

QUICK AND SAFE TRANSPORT

Memphis to St. Louis.

Memphis to Chicago.

Memphis to San Francisco.

Memphis to Kansas City.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.

Reclining Chair Cars.

Write to A. A. Gallagher, Southern

Passenger Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.,

for Descriptive Matter.

W. B. DODDRICK, General Manager.

A. C. TOWNSEND, Gen. Pass. Agent.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. W. GOODRICH,
ARCHITECT,
ATLANTA, GA.
Address P. O. Box 374.

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Attorney at Law,
244 Wall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

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Civil and mining engineers, 47 Gate City
bank building, Atlanta, Ga. Surveys of all
kinds. Special attention given to mines,
quarries and hydraulics. July 29 17

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care, whether in or out of the city of
Macon will receive prompt and careful at-
tention. may 10 6m

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Special attention to railroad damages, cor-
poration cases and collections for non-
residents. may 10 6m

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NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE.
Atlanta, Ga. Established 1874.

Treats Club Feet, Diseases of the Spine, Hip,
Joint, Paralysis, Piles, Fistula, Female and
private diseases, Herpes, Rheumatism, Upry
Oranges, etc. Send for illustrated circular.

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62 Gate City bank building,
Atlanta, Ga.

TOLBERT BROS.
44 Decatur Street.

Tolbert's Pet Flour, per barrel \$2.75
50 lb sack Pet Flour 1.50
Good Patent Flour, per barrel 3.00
50 lb sack patent flour50
50 lb can Best Leaf Lard, per lb.40
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20 lbs. Granulated Sugar 1.00
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6 Cans Eagle Milk 1.00
5 lbs. Best Mocha and Java Coffee 1.00
Best Green and Black Tea, per lb.50
1 lb. Can Royal Powder45
10 Boxes French Sardines 1.00
20 Boxes American Sardines 1.00
5 Cans Salmon Steak 1.00
New Evaporated Apples, Apricots and
Peaches, per lb.15
1 Case two dozen 2 lb. Tomatoes 1.50
20 lbs. Oatmeal 1.00
20 lbs. New York Buckwheat 1.00
New Crop New Orleans Syrup, per gal. . 90
Potted Ham and Tongue, per dozen
cans75
Genuine Maple Syrup, per gallon35
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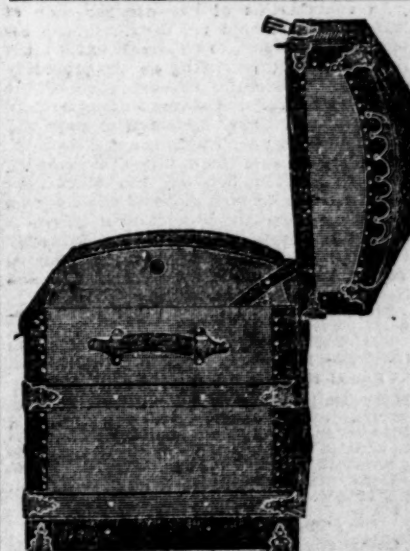
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